

THE WEATHER.

Local showers Friday and probably Saturday; slightly cooler Saturday in interior; moderate southeast to south winds.

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WHOLE NUMBER 13,582.

BORDER SITUATION HEARD IN SENATE

First Expression on Mexican Affairs in Congress Yesterday.

RAYNER SCORNSTALK OF WAR

Spoke of His Confidence in the Attitude of President Taft—Holds Roosevelt Responsible for the Trouble.

Washington, April 13.—The first expression in Congress concerning the situation on the Mexican border was heard today when Senator Rayner, of Maryland, addressed the Senate on that subject. Although a Democrat, Mr. Rayner spoke in confidence of the attitude of President Taft and expressed the opinion that there would be no war with either Mexico or Japan.

While he did not so express himself in exact terms it was evident that Mr. Rayner had in mind the reports that Japan is exerting herself to procure a coaling station on the Pacific coast of Mexico. In that connection he said:

"I am willing to admit that if Japan is entering into negotiations for coaling stations and bases for naval supplies for military purposes with Mexico we are entitled to know what these negotiations are. Congress is, however, without any information or evidence upon the subject. This country would not ordinarily be entitled to know the secret treaties or alliances of other countries may make, but upon the part of Mexico we would unquestionably be entitled to an explanation."

He added that he had no fear that history would repeat itself, or that any government would attempt to imitate the example of Napoleon III, "who through false pretenses and subterfuges sent an Austrian archduke to a Mexican throne simply to abandon him afterwards to despair and death." He was confident that Japan does not seek war with the United States and declared that there could be no cause for hostilities between the two countries.

Discrediting the report that Japan might desire to take surreptitious possession of the island of Guam as a cable station, he declared that if such was the purpose it could not be justified under international law. He found in Guam usefulness only as a cable base, and speaking sarcastically of the island, said:

"Guam is a charming spot, and one of the most beautiful and brilliant jewels in our Oriental galaxy. Its principal products are vipers, snakes, lizards, wild swine, rats and castor oil and if the island were put up at auction today, with all of the inhabitants in it, beyond its value as a military post, it would not bring a dollar and a half in any of the markets of the world."

Much of the Maryland Senator's speech was devoted to the contention that the Monroe Doctrine is not involved in the Mexican situation. Quoting authorities to show that the original Monroeism looked only to the prevention of the establishment of new monarchial institutions in the Western Hemisphere, he sought to discredit the position in relation to the collection of claims against western nations taken during the Roosevelt administration regarding the Santo Domingo controversy. This he characterized as the "Roosevelt Doctrine" rather than the Monroe Doctrine. He said in part:

"Let us look for a moment at what sort of wars we would have if the Roosevelt construction of the Monroe Doctrine was to prevail and was to be incorporated into our diplomatic code. We would have an interminable succession of bondholding and stock-market wars. War, instead of being declared by Congress, could be practically declared by the banking syndicates of London, Paris, Amsterdam and Berlin, represented by their financial agents in America, and who would become sponsors and guarantors for every bankrupt and impoverished government in Central and South America. We have never yet been informed as to what amount of money was made out of the Santo Domingo government nor what was the price at which their bonds were sold before our intervention, and what was the price that the holders afterwards obtained for them in settlement of their claims, nor who was in the deal, nor who were the beneficiaries of our interference."

"I will not sit here in silence, with folded arms, and permit this revolutionary principle, which was formulated and promulgated over night by Mr. Roosevelt, to be known by any other name except the name of the illustrious individual who first conceived it and put it into practical execution. I want to lift this cloud from around the brow of the rising generation."

Speaking of the President, Mr. Rayner expressed satisfaction that "what-ever he does will not only be necessary and proper, but, in his opinion, will be for the best interests of the country."

WILSON ECONOMY CAMPAIGN SPEAKER CALLS CONFERENCE OF COMMITTEES TO PLAN INQUIRY INTO GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES.

Washington, April 13.—System is to mark the searching inquiry into expenditures in the government departments and in order that the work may go forward rapidly and thoroughly Speaker Champ Clark today called for a conference for Saturday between chairmen of nine departmental committees. At this meeting a comprehensive plan will be mapped out whereby during the Summer the economy campaign will be conducted with a view to presenting to the Democratic House when it convenes in regular session in December, full facts and figures as to economies that may be put in force.

Democratic leaders are said to be anxious to have the information at hand when the real work of revising the tariff is taken up. It is their hope to be able to offset the loss in revenues through tariff reductions by the saving made in the operation of the government's vast machinery. They are convinced that there are many positions that are entirely useless, others that could be consolidated and still others that with benefit could be abolished. Top-heavy salaries may be trimmed and a number of ornamental sinecures done away with.

The nine chairmen who will form the inquisitorial committee are Representatives Hamilton, Mo., State department; Cox, Ind., treasury; Helm, Ky., war; Hardy, Texas, navy; Ashbrook, Ohio, postoffice; Graham, Ill., interior; Beall, Texas, justice; Moss, Ind., agriculture, and Rothermel, Penn., commerce and labor.

The committee will sit during the Summer and jointly comb over the departmental expenditures.

WILSON PRINCIPAL SPEAKER.

At Jefferson Banquet at Indianapolis. Indianapolis, Ind., April 13.—In the absence of William B. Bryan, Governor Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, was the principal speaker of the Jefferson banquet here tonight.

No Presidential boom was launched and the speakers from various sections of the United States declared that the Democracy was ready to follow any leader that might be chosen. Governor Thomas R. Marshall, of Indiana, spoke optimistically of the future of the Democratic party in this State, and the nation and then introduced J. Hamilton Lewis, of Chicago, as toastmaster of the banquet. Other speakers were Henderson S. May, Democratic State chairman, of Kansas, and George W. Peck, former governor of Wisconsin.

Col. George W. Harvey, of New York, responded to the toast, "Democracy Opportunity." Governor Wilson was given the greatest ovation of the evening when he arose to speak on "The Party and the Present."

Mr. Lewis announced that Mr. Bryan, who was to have delivered an address at the banquet, was detained today in Brooklyn, N. Y., in attendance on the funeral of Tom L. Johnson, former mayor of Cleveland.

CAROLINIAN A SPEAKER.

R. M. Miller, Jr., of Charlotte, Before the Cotton Manufacturers.

Boston, Mass., April 13.—The necessity of co-operation between the various departments of the Federal government and textile manufacturers was explained at length by Albert Farwell Bemis, of Boston, at today's session of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers. Other speakers included R. M. Miller, Jr., Charlotte, N. C., and George V. S. Michaels, New York. He outlined the numerous improvements in cotton mills which had been designed to safeguard the operatives.

One of the ills of the cotton business, the cancellation of orders, was spoken of by Mr. Miller. "The cancellation of contracts," he said, "is like an insidious disease uncertain as to when it will break out. A complete or even temporary cure, therefore, is difficult."

"I would advocate an export board of arbitration covering all branches of industry to which board all questions of differences between the buyer and seller should be referred."

Officers elected include: Franklin W. Hoff, of Brookline, as president.

N. C. SHIPPERS WIN.

Inter-State Commerce Refuses to Rehear N. & W. Case. (Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., April 13.—The North Carolina Corporation is notified by the Inter-State Commerce Commission that it refuses the petition of the Norfolk and Western, Southern and Seaboard Air Line railroads for rehearing in the case of the North Carolina Commission vs. the Norfolk and Western, in which there is an order heretofore made effective May 15th for a considerable reduction in Norfolk and Western freight rates from Cincinnati to Durham and Winston-Salem and from Roanoke and Lynchburg to Winston-Salem and Durham. This is a branch of the long struggle by the North Carolina shippers against alleged rate discriminations as compared with Virginia cities rates. The Southern and Seaboard Air Line are interested because of the possible effect these reductions may have on their rates to other Carolina points.

DIRECT VOTE PLAN PASSED IN HOUSE

Speedy Action on Resolution Favoring Popular Election of Senators.

LIVELY DEBATE THE FEATURE

Was Backed by a Solid Democratic Phalanx—Cannon and Mann Oppose Resolution—New Members in the Fray.

Washington, April 13.—The House of Representatives by a vote of 296 to 166 passed early this evening, the Rucker resolution proposing a constitutional amendment for the direct election of United States senators. House. Backed by a solid Democratic phalanx it went through without modification and with a speed that brought protests from the Republicans.

The resolution as the House approved it is in the form of the Borah resolution reported out of the Senate Judiciary Committee in the closing days of the last Congress. Republican opposition to the Rucker resolution in the House today was based on the fact that it did not contain changes afterwards made in the fight in the Senate which assured to Congress continued control over elections in the several States.

After six hours of debate in which many demands were made for this change in the resolution all but fifteen of the Republicans voted for the passage of the resolution.

Mr. McDermott, of Illinois, was the Democrat voting against the resolution.

Former Speaker Cannon, Republican Leader Mann and others of the Republicans, who voted against the measure declared that its form was such as to threaten the Federal government with the loss of the control over Senatorial elections. They insisted, a did other Republicans, who ultimately voted for the resolution, that the direct election amendment should be offered without any language attached that might be dangerous to the future Congressional supervision of Senatorial elections.

Democratic leaders declared that the Rucker resolution was open to no such construction and that it offered the most nearly perfect constitutional amendment that could be devised. An amendment offered by Representative Young, of Michigan, adding language that resembled that of the Sutherland amendment adopted in the Senate two months ago was defeated by a party vote of 144 to 190.

The Republican insurgents, led by Representatives Lenroot and Cooper, of Wisconsin, forced a record vote on the final passage of the resolution. The House voted overwhelmingly in favor of the measure when Speaker Clark called for the viva voce vote; but the insurgents demanded a roll call, in order to put the House on record on the subject. The Democrats quickly seconded the demand.

It was a day of lively debate. Practically every man who spoke favored the direct election amendment. The differences arose mainly over the constitutional argument of whether the powers of the Federal government were in any way threatened.

New members jumped into the fray with enthusiasm. Representatives Lafayette, of Oregon, was a prominent figure among these, and told the House at the beginning that he was an insurgent Republican and proposed to support any good measure with regard to politics.

Representative O'Shaughnessy, a newly elected Democrat, from Rhode Island, informed the House that the Legislature of Rhode Island did not represent the people of that State; that his State was the victim of "charismatic laws and a moribund constitution" and he hoped that the amendment for the direct election of senators would be short-cut across lands that would give the people of poor down-trodden Rhode Island those privileges that have been taken from them by motheaten charters."

Representative Uter, a new Republican member from the same State, replied that Rhode Island did not need defense.

SLANDER SUIT AT NORFOLK.

Jury Unable to Agree in Action Against State Senator.

Norfolk, Va., April 13.—The jury trying the \$10,000 slander suit of Sheriff A. C. Cromwell, of Norfolk county, against State Senator John A. Lesner, failed to agree after two sittings today and were tonight adjourned until 10:30 A. M. tomorrow.

Judge Martin said there was no reason why the jury could not agree. Sheriff Cromwell sues because Senator Lesner charged that Cromwell inspired publications of an affidavit in which Lesner's half brother charged Lesner with collecting a fund from liquor dealers to pay poll taxes of voters.

REVIEW OF COTTON FOR WEEK No Striking Changes as to Prices During the Week—Shorts Eager to Liquidate on Reactions.

New York, April 13.—Cotton showed no striking changes as to prices during the week until Thursday. Then the shorts became nervous and covered, advancing prices sharply. At times there have been set-backs owing to liquidation attributed largely to some of the leading bulls who are said to have sold both May and July heavily. But the shorts have been eager to liquidate on all reactions and some of the bull following have also bought again after taking profits.

The May premium over July, which was recently 28 points, fell to three points under the pressure of long liquidation and the idea of a not a few of the account has been pretty well liquidated. Some have been skeptical all along as to the likelihood of a genuine corner being run in the May options or any other by people who are already under indictment for alleged complicity in a corner. But believers in better prices are confident that their faith will be justified.

The English-cotton trade is reported to be active at firm prices. The famine and plague in China seems not to have so seriously affected Lancashire's cotton trade as was feared. Its sales to China appear to make a satisfactory exhibition within India. It also seems to be doing a good business. The receipts at the leading points of the South continue small. New York's certified stock is steadily decreasing and to all outward appearance at least the general statistical position grows steadily stronger as the season advances.

Certainly visible supply are decreasing much more rapidly than they were a year ago and spinners' takings report figures which make many skeptical about the reports of curtailment of production. What is more, the Southern spot markets continue strong. It is said, too, that dry and warmer weather is being particularly in the Central and Eastern sections of the belt. Yet most of the weather and crop reports have been favorable. Oklahoma, like Texas, has recently had copious rains.

Good stands are reported in Texas. An acreage of upland cotton will be planted at the South. Fertilizers will be unparingly used. The high price will stimulate the Southern farmer to his utmost exertions. Trade in cotton goods is very generally reported poor in this country with the most mills losing money on some if not most of the manufactures. Roughly speaking, they are said to be selling their goods on a basis of raw cotton two cents lower than that which they are compelled to pay. That is why believers in lower prices assert that the strength of the statistics is more apparent than real and prices are merely held up by a powerful bull clique and must give way when its support is withdrawn. Moreover, tariff agitation is near at hand. But as the case stands, bulls here who include some very wealthy men in Wall Street, keep a firm hold on crop months and they have braced up July particularly and have even frightened not a few of the August shorts into a covering. The activity of Liverpool and Manchester is one of leading bull cards.

FOR RAISING THE MAINE.

Naval Collier Leonidas Ordered to Cuban Waters.

Norfolk, Va., April 13.—For the purpose of pumping out the battleship Maine and assist in raising her from the mud in Havana harbor, where she has been buried for 13 years, the naval collier Leonidas has been ordered to proceed to the Cuban port from Norfolk.

The Leonidas is now undergoing minor repairs at the Norfolk navy yard and will probably get away next week. The Leonidas will take on ten centrifugal pumps, which will be operated by electricity. In this way it is expected to pump the Maine free of water in five days, so that she can be floated.

OUTLINES.

Mexican rebels attacked Agua Prieta, near the border yesterday, and a fierce battle was in progress last night. Two Americans were struck by stray bullets and one killed.

An eight-story grain elevator valued at \$700,000 was blown into the Mississippi river at St. Louis last night. A number of deaths are reported as a result of the fearful storm—Senator Rayner, of Maryland, delivered an address on the border situation in Congress yesterday and scorned the talk of war between the United States and Mexico or Japan.

By almost a unanimous vote the House yesterday passed the resolution providing for the election of senators by direct vote of the people. The anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson was marked by the passage of a bill in the Senate providing for the erection of a statue to his memory.

New York markets. Money on call nominal 2-1/4 to 2-1/2 per cent, ruling rate 2-3/8, closing bid 2-1/4, offered at 2-3/8; so: cotton closed quiet 29 points higher, middling uplands 14.85, middling Gulf 15.10; flour was barely steady with a fair jobbing trade; wheat spot firm, No. 2 red 94 elevator and 94 1/4 100; corn spot steady, future unchanged; turpentine easy.

BATTLE IN MEXICO NEAR THE BORDER

Americans See Fierce Fight Between Rebel and Federal Forces.

TWO AMERICANS WERE SHOT

Attack is Made on Agua Prieta—Rebels Cheered on by Thousands of Mexicans on American Side of the Border Line.

Agua Prieta, Sonora, April 13.—Via Douglas—The rebels have attacked Agua Prieta, and a fierce battle is in progress. Two Americans have been shot, one of them, E. W. Crow, is dead, and the other, Ben Armstrong, has been taken to the hospital in Douglas, seriously wounded. Both were on the American side of the line, and were struck by stray bullets.

Americans rushed to the international line, but as the firing continued they had to seek shelter behind adobe buildings and in ditches. About 15 minutes after the firing on the town began the headquarters of the commissario blew up with a terrific report. It is not known whether a rebel bullet struck the magazine at the headquarters, where dynamite was recently stored or the Federalists being the magazine to prevent the rebels getting supplies.

The rebels arrived on the train they captured at Fronteras earlier in the day, and their appearance was entirely unexpected. The Federalists' garrison of 65 men has stood its ground well, as is indicated by the fierce fighting.

The rebels attacked from the West. After detouring, just below the town, they marched to the west, and then, with little shot rushes, took shelter behind the railroad embankments, resting their rifles over the rails as they shot into the town.

One Federal officer on top of the commissario headquarters remained, and directed the movements of the Federal troops. The Federalists fired from doorways and from any barricade that could be used.

Two groups of rebels advanced until they were in the shadow of the American customs house, where they continued to fire. The Federalists, a few minutes later, essayed a rush from the center of the town, and took possession of an adobe building almost within the rebel ranks.

The rebels retreated before this sortie, running with bent backs to shorten their height. One dropped within the shadow of the customs house, and is still lying there. His faithful dog lies beside him, watching over the body.

The rebels, cheered on by cries of "Viva Madero" from a thousand Mexicans lined up at the American customs house, repulsed the sortie after a few minutes' firing.

Soon a train line of Federalists began pouring out of Agua Prieta straight for the American boundary. At this juncture, with a cloud of dust, the United States First cavalry troops, under command of Captain Guajot, charged down the line from their headquarters, and the fleeing Federalists stopped.

Some took refuge in the adobe buildings of the guard house on the line, while others dropped into trenches partly filled up some time ago by order of Major Gardner, then commanding in Douglas.

Later, a third American was shot in Douglas. In an adobe building near Fourth street, a man was killed. Many bullets fell into Douglas, as the rebel force of the southwest fired into northeast Douglas, where the Mexicans live. Cries of "Viva Madero" were stopped by the Americans, as it was feared the Federalists might fire on the American customs house.

Twenty minutes after the battle began a squad of rebels took their station at the American customs house and fired from a distance of ten feet from the sightseers. The rebel commander claims 800 reinforcements are coming tonight.

Surrendered to Rebels.

Agua Prieta, Mex., April 13.—Agua Prieta surrendered to the rebels tonight, after one of the most spectacular battles of the Mexican insurrection. There are many dead and wounded, including one American—E. W. Crow—who was struck by a stray bullet in Douglas. Others in Douglas were wounded.

This is the first time during the insurrection that any person has been killed on the American side, as the result of the border fighting.

The dead and wounded of both the rebels and Federalists are being taken to Douglas.

Federal soldiers to the number of thirty fled to the American side an hour before the battle ended, and were disarmed by the American troops. The rebels shot down many Federalists as they ran.

Wounded Federal prisoners were escorted from Agua Prieta to the border, where they were released as fugitives, on American soil.

Lopez's hand numbered not more than 150, while the Federal defenders numbered 850.

More Details of Fight.

Agua Prieta is the terminal of the (Continued on Page Eight.)

SOUTHERNERS ARE SATISFIED Underwood's Programme for Extra Session Approved—Overman on Immigration—Harnett County Development.

(By H. E. C. Bryant.)
Washington, April 12.—Generally speaking the Democrats of the House and Senate are well satisfied with the programme Chairman Underwood and his associate on the Ways and Means Committee, have launched for the extra session. Senator Overman said today that he thought it was all right. So did many other Southern senators. Mr. Underwood has about convinced the House that he knows the game fairly well. He is cool headed and able.

Representatives Webb, Gudgeon and Doughton did not want to be bound by the caucus action, and Senator Simmons would combine the two bills, the one for reciprocity and the one providing the farmer's free list, and pass it. Representative Webb urged that sort of bill on the floor of the House in the caucus and offered a resolution to that effect but was voted down. But, as a rule, the Democrats are standing together. The effort at harmony is bearing fruit.

Senator Overman has again introduced his immigration bill providing a head tax of \$10 instead of \$4, and an educational test. A person over 16 years old shall read the English or some European language or dialect before he or she can enter. Anyone already here can bring in a mother or sister or wife without meeting the foregoing conditions. Southerners generally agree with Mr. Overman on this proposition. He would keep out of this country a sorry class of immigrants.

John A. Mills, a Raleigh railroad man, who was here this week, says that he is going to construct a road from Lillington, Harnett county, to Broadway, in Lee, a distance of 17 miles. Sixty-pound rails will be used in its construction.

W. E. Houser, an enterprising young man from Rochester, New York, spent Monday in the city. He is one of the chief promoters of a farming scheme for Harnett county. From 10,000 to 20,000 acres of land, some of which has been purchased, will be developed into a farm of considerable proportions, where peaches, dewberries, grapes, peaches, scuppermons, cotton, corn and other interesting crops will be grown. A company is being organized and capital raised. The details of the programme will be completed between now and Sunday. W. N. Hutt, State horticulturist, has passed upon the land under consideration and expressed his belief in the success of the project.

Most improved methods will be used on this farm. Modern machinery and implements will be a part of the outfit. Mr. Houser, who is very affable and enthusiastic, will spend Saturday and Sunday in Raleigh. His headquarters are to be at Fayetteville.

DAY IN LORIMER INQUIRY.

Interesting Developments at the Springfield Investigation.

Springfield, Ill., April 13.—Developments in today's hearing of the State Senate Committee investigating the election of United States Senator William Lorimer were attempts by attorneys and investigators of the committee to discredit the denials of Edward Hines, Chicago lumberman, accused of having collected a large fund to elect Senator Lorimer and the practical refusal of Edward Tilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee his accounts in the various banks through which he does business.

Mr. Tilden's attitude on the witness stand resulted in the serving of a second subpoena upon him as he stepped from the witness chair at this afternoon. He commands Mr. Alden to produce before the committee next Thursday the records of his various accounts in the year 1909.

Refusal to do so, Mr. Tilden was given to understand by the committee, will result in an order of a contempt being issued against him. The testimony given a week ago by Clarence S. Funk, general manager of the International Harvester Company, was today corroborated to a considerable degree by Herman H. Hettler, of Chicago, president of the Herman H. Hettler Lumber Company.

Although Mr. Hettler stated that Mr. Hines said nothing of the use of the money or improper methods in the election of Senator Lorimer, Mr. Hines was quoted as boasting of a personal achievement in "putting Lorimer over."

Mr. Hettler said he had the conversation with Mr. Hines in the Union League Club, the place in which Mr. Funk testified that he met Hines when an alleged proposal to contribute \$10,000 to the Lorimer election fund was made to Mr. Funk.

ROBBED MEXICAN TRAIN.

Held-Up By Masked Men and \$5,000 Was Secured.

Chihuahua, Mexico, April 13.—Three masked men today held-up a special train on the mine railroad between here and Santa Eulalia, and forced the paymaster of the San Loy Mining Company to deliver a valise containing \$5,000. He succeeded in concealing \$5,500.

The hold-up was accomplished by placing a pile of rocks on the track. The engineer, seeing the obstruction, stopped the train.

ST. LOUIS SWEPT BY SEVERE STORM

Big Grain Elevator Blown In to River and Several Reported Killed.

REPORTS OF HEAVY DAMAGE

Nineteen Persons Killed As a Result of Wednesday's Tornado—Meagre Reports of Death and Destruction.

St. Louis, Mo., April 13.—An eight-story grain elevator valued at \$70,000, located in the extreme northern end of the city on Burlington tracks, was blown in the Mississippi river by a severe storm tonight.

The Bryan Hill public school also in the north end collapsed during the storm.

Two women are reported to have died from fright, making three deaths up to the present traceable to the storm.

The damage was particularly heavy in the West end, north side, and in St. Louis county, where many green houses were demolished by the hail stones which measured more than two inches in diameter. The city parks were denuded of plants and flowers in the city's green houses were destroyed. The storm came as the thousands were on their way home from downtown.

It put an abrupt end to the American League game between the local and the Cleveland teams when the steeple flag pole was snapped by the wind and the players driven from the diamond by the storm.

Almost every manufacturing plant on the Northside was left without windows after the storm.

Nineteen Killed in Storm.

Kansas City, Mo., April 13.—Although the weather is fair tonight throughout the tornado swept districts of Kansas, Oklahoma, Western Missouri and Northern Arkansas, the major portion of the telephone and telegraph wires are still down and only meagre reports of the death and destruction wrought by the storm on yesterday are obtainable.

It now appears that at least 19 persons were killed. Four deaths are reported from Meeker, Okla., and three from Plummerville, Ark., are of unidentified persons. The list of injured will number more than a hundred.

The monetary loss in Kansas alone is estimated to be in excess of \$600,000. It is thought the damages in other sections visited by the storm will bring the total to more than \$1,000,000.

Of all the stricken cities Big Heart, Okla., suffered the greatest damage. Three people were killed there, sixty injured, as fatally hurt. All injured from Big Heart were taken to Tulsa, on a relief train and they are now in hospitals there. Little of the town was left standing.

Lawrence, Kas., sustained the largest property loss of any Kansas town, it being estimated at \$200,000. Seventy-four residences were wrecked and the street car lines and electric lights were put out of commission. The city is still dark.

In Brown county, Kas., more than \$300,000 worth of property was destroyed. The tornado swept a clean path fifteen miles long and three quarters of a mile wide in that section. Eskridge's loss is placed at \$75,000.

Five Dead at De Soto, Mo.

De Soto, April 13.—Five persons are reported dead and a score injured at Cadet, Mo., a town of 300 inhabitants, 12 miles south of here as the result of a tornado which practically demolished the town.

Wires are down in every direction and a creek between this place and the town is out of banks, cutting off communication traffic from here.

Four Negroes Victims.

St. Louis, Mo., April 13.—Four negroes, two negro women and two white men were killed; several persons injured and several buildings were blown down at Valley Mines, Mo., about 15 miles from Festus, Mo., by a tornado this afternoon about 2 o'clock.

SAM LEE'S EXCLUSION.

Wilmington "Chink" Who Wants to Get Back in Country.

Raleigh, N. C., April 13.—Commissioner of Labor and Printing Shipman appealed today to the Department of Labor and Commerce, at Washington, for the most favorable hearing possible on the Wilmington parties effort to remove the Chinese exclusion disabilities of Lem Thung, otherwise known as Sam Lee, or Chung Lee, of Wilmington, who has considerable real estate and bank stock in Wilmington. Two years ago he returned to China to carry the remains of his brother. On his return, the immigration authorities refused to allow him to land. Finally a conditional concession was made until May 1st. Now the movement is for the complete removal of his disabilities due to some Chinese document he signed on leaving this country.

The Orchestra
At the Grand will play "Judy Ferope" today.

"A Flash of Light."
Biograph production at Grand Theatre today.

"The White Squaw."
Pathe Indian story. Grand Theatre today.

"A Flash of Light."
Biograph production at Grand Theatre today.



AMONG THE FANS

NATIONAL.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club	Won	Lost	P. C.
Pittsburgh	1	0	1.000
Philadelphia	1	1	.500
Boston	1	1	.500
Brooklyn	1	1	.500
New York	1	1	.500
St. Louis	1	1	.500
Cleveland	1	1	.500
Chicago	1	1	.500

AMERICAN.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	1	0	1.000
Washington	1	0	1.000
St. Louis	1	0	1.000
Detroit	1	0	1.000
Philadelphia	1	0	1.000
Boston	1	0	1.000
Cleveland	1	0	1.000
Chicago	1	0	1.000

NATIONAL LEAGUE

New York, April 13.—The Philadelphia National League Club today defeated New York 6 to 1 and hammered Christy Mathewson to all parts of the field. Only his own brilliant fielding kept the score down to respectable dimensions. Parker, the Quakers' center fielder, made one of the greatest catches ever seen on the Polo grounds in the eighth inning, when he captured Snodgrass' fly with his bare hand while racing toward the fence. Rowan made his first appearance in a Philadelphia uniform and, incidentally, defeated Mathewson for the first time.

Philadelphia . . . 110 100 210—6 15 1
New York . . . 000 001 000—1 3 0
Rowan and Dool: Mathewson, Marquand and Myers; time 1:38; Eason and Johnstone.
Boston, April 13.—In a game marked by heavy hitting the Brooklyn Nationals defeated Boston today 7 to 2. The local team was forced to use three pitchers before the end of the contest.

Brooklyn . . . 011 110 102—7 15 1
Boston . . . 000 000 020—2 8 2
Bell and Bergen; Mathewson, Frock, Burke and Graham; time 1:55; Klem and Doyle.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit, April 13.—Hard hitting by Crawford and Cobb and Mullins' steady pitching enabled Detroit to defeat Chicago 4 to 2. In the opening game of the American League season here, Detroit found Wadsworth for a home run, a triple and three singles in the first three innings, after which he resorted to his spitball with much better success. Crawford's triple to left center scored Jones in the first and in the third inning. Cobb drove the ball over the left field screen for a home run. Bush's single and stolen base, followed by Crawford's double and a wild pitch in the eighth gave Detroit two more runs. McConnell scored in the sixth on a pass, Lord's infield hit, Mullins' wild throw to first and Dougherty's single. Bush dropped Zeider's short fly in the ninth and Callahan's single resulted in a tally.

Gainor made his debut as a Detroit regular and his sensational pick-up back of first base in the third inning, which retired the side with men on bases, proved the star-riding feature. Mayor Thompson pitched the first ball with Charles Bennett, the old Detroit catcher, behind the bat.
Chicago . . . 000 001 001—2 6 1
Detroit . . . 101 000 024—4 8 2
Walsh, Sullivan and Payne; Mullins and Stanger; time 1:50; Perrine and Sheridan.

Philadelphia, April 13.—New York again defeated Philadelphia this afternoon by a batting rally in the eighth inning when four hits, including a double by Blair and a triple by Wolter, were made off Coombs. Hartnell made one of the greatest one hand stops ever seen at Shibe park and robbed Barry of a two-bagger.
New York . . . 001 000 020—3 10 0
Philadelphia . . . 000 001 000—1 5 2
Caldwell and Blair and Fisher; Coombs and Lapp; umpires Evans and Egan.

Washington, April 13.—Washington bunched three hits in the sixth inning today and with Cunningham's triple and Miller's single in the eighth defeated Boston 3 to 2. The fielding of Milan and the batting of Miller were features.
Washington . . . 000 002 013—3 8 4
Boston . . . 100 000 010—2 8 3
Groom and Street; Clotte and Madson; time 1:45; Connolly and Mullin.

St. Louis, April 13.—A cyclonic wind and hail storm, during which the players were driven from the diamond by the bombardment from the skies, brought the Cleveland-St. Louis American League game to an abrupt ending in the first half of the ninth inning.
Spectators in the grand stand, newspaper men and the official scorer in the press box, were compelled to take refuge under the seats and many were severely bruised by hail stones. The scorer's record was ruined and he was obliged to make up a new one from borrowed notes. The score reverted back to the eighth inning, though one run had been made, three men were on bases and there were no men out. The final score was 3 to 1 in favor of the local team.
Cleveland . . . 000 000 10—1 4 2
St. Louis . . . 000 110 10—3 7
Kaiser, West and Land and Smith; Lake and Clarke; time 2:10; Dineen and O'Loughlin.

ANOTHER PEACE MAKER.

Now Appears in Mexican Trouble—Details Given.
Mexico City, Mexico, April 13.—Another peace-maker appears to have entered the field in the person of Oscar Braniff, a member of a wealthy Irish-Mexican family, who is reported to be in Washington to confer with Dr. Vasquez Gomez.
Braniff left Mexico City several days ago and it was reported he was en route to Europe. In just what capacity he has come to Washington is not generally known here but it is known he carried no official authorization to discuss peace.

BUSSEY TO MINORS.

Star Danville Twirler Will Be Let Go By Washington.
(Special Times-Dispatch.)
Washington, D. C., April 12.—Harvey Bussey, procured by Jimmy McAleer from the Danville Club, of the Virginia League, is due for an early drop into the minors and will be told his destination in a day or so. Bussey, according to the Washington Times, today, was a very successful twirler in the Virginia circuit last season, and most of the clubs there are looking for him. They have put in offers for him, and Manager McAleer is considering them. Bussey was taken South with the Nationals, and made a good impression on all the players who had to face his delivery. While not using all his speed, he was still able to puzzle the best batters with his spitter.

Until Fred Sherry moved in a stately manner through nine innings, Bussey seemed certain of making a place for himself, but then his stock dropped, and now he is slated for release. Bussey is an experienced minor leaguer, but Manager McAleer believes there is more promise in Sherry, who is younger and built on heavier lines. Sherry will be given a further trial.

Dave Fanning, the Ursinus College player, is expected to be dropped shortly. Several clubs in the Virginia League have been after him, too, with Richard making the best of it. However, Manager McAleer refuses to admit the lad will go to the Virginia capital, but, inasmuch as that club is the hottest on his trail, he will probably go there. P. H. McG. Washington, April 13.—Manager McAleer, of the Washington baseball club, released outright Harvey Bussey, the pitcher secured from the Danville club, of the Virginia League, and notified "Doc" Moyer, who joined the Americans near the close of the last season, that he would have to return to Youngstown. Bussey is credited with pitching the Danville club into the championship of the Virginia League last season. The Richmond club negotiated with him yesterday, but he wanted too high a figure. Today he waived all claims on the American club and was furnished transportation to his home at Wilmington, N. C. It is said he may join the Atlanta club of the Southern League.

ANNUAL GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

Now in Progress at Cape Fear Club Links—36 Qualified.

The qualifying rounds for the annual golf championship of the Cape Fear Golf Club closed at 6:30 o'clock last night, having been in progress during the past week. Thirty-six players qualified at medal play, 18 holes. Below is the list of the players qualifying in the four flights into which the field is divided. At a meeting of the Greens committee held last night all the players qualifying were classified in the respective flights according to their qualifying scores, and the pairs for the first round of match play were drawn as follows:
First Flight—President's Cup.
Gwaltney, 88; Rountree, 93.
Taylor, 90; "A", 100.
Emerson, 99; Williams, 93.
Grainger, C. S., 97; "B", 100.
Second Flight—Vice President's Cup.
Van Leuven, 104; Fisher, 103.
MacMillan, 104; "E", 105.
Cobb, 102; "D", 105.
Carmichael, 102; "C", 100.
Third Flight—Captain's Cup.
Blair, 111; Gouverneur, 110.
Stanly, 108; O'Neill, 106.
Holt, 108; Williams, J. K., 107.
Wright, 113; "F", 105.
Fourth Flight—Governor's Cup.
Boushall, 183; Perrin, 124.
MacRae, D., 115; Stevenson, 122.
Buckner, 114; Dick, W. A., 118.
Shaw, 119; Williams, A. B., 120.
Murchison, 125; Davis, T. W., 124.
Davis, C. McD., 124; Sullivan, 130.
Letters "A", "B", and "C" stand for the following players tied at 100 for two places in first flight: Townes, Dick, F. W., and Roache. Letters "D", "E", and "F" stand for the following players tied at 105 for two places in the second flight: Bridges, White and Rapalje. These ties will be played off before the first round of match play begins on Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The prizes for this tournament, presented by the officers of the club, are on exhibition at Honnet's. Those qualifying in the first flight constitute the team of the golf club for the season.

Greater interest has been shown in this tournament than in any previous held by the club, largely on account of the fact that the annual championship of the Carolinas, which opens at Charleston, S. C., on May 7th and continues through the 7th, will be participated in by about 20 golfers from the local club.

South Atlantic League.

At Columbia 3; Charleston 1.
2nd: Columbia 0; Charleston 1.
At Savannah 2; Augusta 3.
2nd: Savannah 0; Augusta 0; (called off ninth, darkness.)
At Macon 2; Columbus 6.
At Jacksonville 5; Albany 8.
At Charlottesville: St. Johns 1; Virginia 5.
At Washington: Fordham 1; Georgetown 0.
At Washington: Catholic University 8; Bucknell 4.
At LaCrosse: Navy 7; Lehigh 12.
At Baltimore (Eastern) 7; Princeton 2.
At Lexington, Va.: Rutgers 4; Washington and Lee 6.
At Guilford College: Guilford 11; Richmond College 1.

Washington, April 13.—Representative Hayes, of California, today introduced a bill providing cession back to the government control of that portion of Virginia, except the land included in the city of Alexandria, which formerly was a part of the District of Columbia.

MR. BAGLEY ASSESSOR.

Appointed Yesterday for New Hanover County—Raleigh News.
(Special Star Telegram.)
Raleigh, N. C., April 13.—The Corporation Commission appoints Thomas F. Bagley tax assessor for New Hanover county.

Numbers of the county assessors recently appointed by the Corporation Commission under the new Machinery Act, are coming to Raleigh from day to day for conferences with the commission as to their duties which begin May 1st. There were here Assessors Jno. Elliott, of Cumberland; J. T. McAdams, of Orange, and James Amos, of Vance county. The Commissioners are going over with the assessors the features of their duties which include the supervision of the assessors, sitting with the county commissioners and a county board of equalization, and representing the State tax commission in assessment matters generally. The present property assessments in North Carolina aggregate upwards of \$613,000,000 and the leaders in the legislature in basing the revenue legislation figured at least an increase of one hundred millions of property values. Many in close touch with the approaching work of the tax assessing officials believe the totals will run considerably more than the hundred million increase.

AFTER PATENT MEDICINES.

Solicitor General Argues Point Before U. S. Supreme Court.

Washington, April 13.—Does the pure food and drug act of 1906 prohibit knowingly false statements on labels about the curative properties of medicines or does it merely prohibit false statements about the ingredients?

That question was argued today before the Supreme Court of the United States. Solicitor General Lehmann, for the government argued that the law should be given the broader interpretation, admitting that the effort of such an interpretation probably would be to break up the patent medicine business.

"I know of nothing within the scope of Congress that would be more beneficial," he added to this point.

The government was opposed by James H. Harkless, representing O. A. Johnson, whose indictment in the Federal courts of Missouri, was quashed on the ground that the law did not prohibit misstatements as to the curative effect of medicines.

Mr. Harkless argued that Congress never intended and could not if it had so intended, to enact a law which dealt with the curative effects of medicines. He said such a law would be out-of-the-question because there would be no standard by which an opinion as to the curative effects could be judged.

Norfolk, Va., April 13.—Because of the inability of counsel to attend, Justice Carmine tonight adjourned until Saturday at 5:30 P. M., the trial of the twelve grand jury indictments returned against the Jamestown Dock & Club, Lessee Levy and Layers on the track. Trial Saturday will occur at the county Court House in Portsmouth.

"Red's Request."

Great drama by Selig Stock Company. Grand Theatre today.

THE Waltham Watch Company produces more than seventy styles of movements, ranging from the size of a nickel to larger than a dollar. There is a Waltham movement perfectly suited to your purse and personal needs.
"It's Time You Owned a Waltham."
Send for descriptive booklet.
WALTHAM WATCH CO., Waltham, Mass.

WALTHAM WATCH

QUIET IN FRANCE AGAIN.

Trouble in Champagne District Seems About Over.

Epornay, April 13.—Owing partly to the unrelaxing vigilance of 15,000 troops and partly to the vote in the Chamber of Deputies last night, nullifying the action of the Senate with reference to the delimitation of the champagne district, comparative calm now prevails in the department of Marne, and there is every indication that the populace will act with more moderation from this on.

The fury of the wine growers has subsided as suddenly as it rose. Manifestations are now offering no resistance to the troops. The last marauding band from Billy-La-Montagne, which was marching in the direction of Rheims, was intercepted and broken up by the soldiers before any damage was done.

Leaders of the movement tonight issued a manifesto appealing to their adherents to await in calm confidence the deliberation of the Council of State, to which Premier Monis directed to refer the question. They affirm that the incendiaryism and pillaging of last night, which they deplore, was the work of foreign elements, composed of anarchists and thieves, who worked in bands in the hope of making profit out of the disturbances they created.

STOPS AMERICAN CONSUL.

Denied Permission by Mexican Authorities to Go to Alamo.

Mexico City, April 13.—Alleging that he might be subjected to hostile harm if permitted to go to Alamo, where American women and children are reported to be receiving ill treatment at the hands of rebels, Consul G. B. Schumacher has been denied permission by the Mexican authorities at Ensenada to comply with orders from Washington to investigate.

In consequence the American embassy here today sent a note to the foreign office stating that such a consideration should not be taken into account and asking that Consul Schumacher be allowed to proceed to Alamo. The foreign office has taken the matter up by telegraph.

NEW CAROLINA COMPANY.

Big Electric Concern Organized With Capital Stock of \$300,000.

Greensboro, N. C., April 13.—Papers of incorporation for the North State Hydro-Electric Company, with an authorized capital stock of \$300,000, were filed at Raleigh today. The incorporators are A. C. Wyckoff, H. L. Parker and F. H. Briggs, all of Raleigh.

The company, it is stated, is a subsidiary company of the Carolina Power & Light Company and the Yadkin River Power Company.

TAFT NEAR DROWNING.

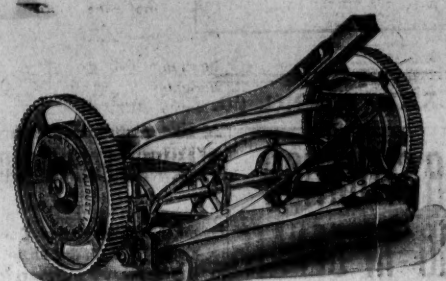
President Not Far From Double Tragedy in the Potomac.

Washington, April 13.—While galloping along the bridge path in Potomac Park this afternoon with Major Butt, his military aide, President Taft narrowly missed witnessing a double drowning. The President and Major Butt were near the river, and seeing several boys running in that direction, the President sent Major Butt to investigate. A negro woman had thrown her boy in the river and then jumped in herself. Both drowned. The President, after instructing Major Butt to notify the police and harbor master's office, remained on the scene until the police arrived.

President Not Far From Double Tragedy in the Potomac.

Washington, April 13.—The local club of the Carolina Association defeated the Danville (Virginia League) club 3 to 2 in a well-played game here today.

Let Us Show You Our Line of Lawn Mowers.



[Ball Bearing, Self Sharpening and Self Adjusting.]

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.
HARDWARE.

On! MoreSpring Opens

And with it we herald for you our fresh New Styles to go with the season. You think of Clothes with the Spring, and your Best Interests must turn your mind Towards Our Store.

In this you are wise—for our new Spring Styles are Stein-Bloch, than which, dollar for dollar, there are no better clothes value in the world.

Our line of Boys' and Children's Suits are the best in the city.

A full line of Jno. B. Stetson Hats, and the Swellest Line of Easter Furnishings ever shown.

J. W. Fleet Co.

The One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

J. W. H. FUCHS

28 S. Front Street

A suit that fits good, wears good and looks good is all that your money can buy. We show a line second to none at prices from \$10 to \$25 that will astonish you, of Hainsburger Bros. make, of Baltimore, and Sincerity Clothes, of Chicago. We make suits to order from \$12.50 up.

J. W. H. FUCHS

Holeproof Hosiery 6 pair for \$1.50.

COAL!---BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!---WOOD!

King's Windsor Wall Plaster.
Atlas Portland Cement.
Lehigh Portland Cement.
Crescent Hydrated Lime.
Gager's White Rock Lime.
Plaster Paris.
Marble Dust.
Water-Proofing for Cement.
Press Bricks.

Cypress Shingles.
Tin Shingles.
Peach Bottom Slate.
Rubber Roofing.
Tar Paper.
Scaffolding Paper.
Slate's Felt.
Laths.
Fire Brick and Clay.

W. B. THORPE & CO.
Phone 789

WE have every facility known in banking, which we offer to depositors, and they have in dealing here the security of \$1,250,000.00 net assets over every liability. We also have money to lend to all who deal here and are worthy of credit.

The Murchison National Bank

DR. ROWLAND DEES
Veterinary Surgeon.
Lumberton, N. C.
Calls answered promptly, day or night.

THE BEST ALWAYS
BIJOU
ALWAYS THE BEST

Whoa! Back up!
Try a bag of this real tobacco. Try **STUD**. Best cigarette makin's you ever spilled into a paper. Good pipe feed, too—light, cool and fragrant. **STUD** has the genuine tobacco flavor. It's all there. It's satisfying.

STUD won't stain your fingers in cigarettes any more than cigars. It's pure, sound tobacco. No dope.

Five Cents
ALL SMOKERIES
Every time you see a white horse, buy a bag of **STUD**

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mrs. J. A. Smith left yesterday for Newton, N. C., where she will visit relatives and friends for several weeks.

Misses Nellie and Bessie Strickland have returned from an extended visit to friends in Jacksonville, Lakeland and Tampa, Fla.

Dr. Joseph Akerman returned early yesterday morning from a visit to relatives at Woodward, S. C. Mrs. Akerman and children will not return for some weeks yet.

Dr. J. W. Stanley returned yesterday from Atlanta, Ga., where he went several days ago to attend the National Dental Association. He was accompanied by Mrs. Stanley.

Mrs. Parker Quince Moore underwent an operation for appendicitis at the James Walker Memorial Hospital yesterday morning, and friends will be glad to learn that she was reported yesterday afternoon as getting along as well as could be expected, and will hope for her speedy recovery.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Robert Ruark, Esq., returned yesterday morning from a short visit to New York City on professional business.

—Among yesterday's arrivals at The Southern Hotel were H. C. Hawkins, Roy Vines, R. D. Lackland, Roanoke, Va.; R. D. Pridgen, Currie; J. L. Pinner and son, Newbern; Peyton Squires, Jr., Council's; J. C. Ashworth, Raleigh; D. J. Coston, Maysville; C. L. Braddy, Westbrook; Robt. E. Lee, E. E. Page, Lumberton; E. A. Lackey, Hamlet; L. E. Squires, Council's; W. J. Tate, Parkersburg; B. S. Koonce, Chadbourn; G. W. Brinkley, G. S. Moore, Hamlet; J. C. Thompson, Kelly.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The store of the C. W. Polvogt Co., will be closed today on account of Good Friday.

—The store of the Holmes Grocery Co., will be closed today on account of Good Friday.

—A postal card last night from Long Creek, Pender county, states that the first crate of strawberries, 32 quarts, were shipped from Montague yesterday by Mr. Allie Bowen.

—By deed filed for record yesterday Godfrey Willis transfers to Emma Willis, for natural love and affection and \$1, lot on northeast corner Second and Wooster streets, 51x66 feet in size.

—Adjutant L. Leon, of Cape Fear Camp, No. 251, United Confederate Veterans, yesterday issued a notice of a meeting of the camp to be held at the W. L. I. armory at 8 o'clock to-night for the annual election of officers and the transaction of other business.

—There was only one defendant before the Recorder yesterday morning, a drunk, who was assessed the usual amount for such offenses. Recorder Furlong announced that he would suspend judgment in the case against R. L. Chadwick, tried Wednesday for assault with deadly weapon.

—Mr. John S. Ramos, candidate for councilman from the Second Ward, announces that he will make the first speech of the campaign tonight at 8 o'clock at Fifth and Castle streets. He says that he will speak from an automobile, and invites the voters of the city to be out to hear his maiden effort.

—The tug Standard, which was forced to return to port Wednesday after anchoring off barge No. 92 at sea, has been repaired and left port yesterday afternoon to proceed to her destination with the barge. A leak in the steam pipe forced the tug back to port and she docked at the Standard wharf until these repairs could be made.

FIRST SCRAP OF CAMPAIGN.

Personal Difficulty Between Messrs. C. W. Futch and T. L. Ruth.

The first personal encounter of the present municipal campaign so far as reported occurred at Front street market house yesterday at noon between Messrs. C. W. Futch and T. L. Ruth, the former taking exception to an article which appeared in yesterday's Star over the signature of the latter, the article in question referring to an alleged "fish trust." Both were placed under arrest by Officer A. F. Cox and escorted to the City Hall, where they were recognized for their appearance at trial before the Recorder this morning. Ruth stated at the hall that he was seated in the market house when he was accosted by Mr. Futch, who struck at him several times, and that he (Ruth) did not get up during the encounter. The fish dealers at the market were highly incensed over the article and it was said that several dealers were on the war path in search of the author.

Shot at Barglar.

Some one tried to enter the residence of Mr. C. D. Gilbert, on Market, between Second and Third streets, about 1:30 o'clock this morning, but the intruder was frightened away by a pistol shot fired by Mrs. Gilbert. This was the second time during the night that some one tried to enter the house. Mr. Gilbert was out of the city for the night. Police officers were on the scene in a few minutes and made a search of the premises but could find no trace of the intruder, who made his escape through an alley.

CONVICT KILLED.

Shot to Death Making Break on Cumberland Road.

Fayetteville, N. C., April 13.—The Observer this afternoon says: "John McDonald, a negro convict, was shot and killed early this morning while making a break for liberty from the chain-gang, which is at work on the road near Stedman, this county. McDonald was convicted at the January term of court on two counts for larceny, and was sentenced to the roads for nine months on each count. He was from near Linden, in the upper part of the county."

HONOR ROLL OF HIGH SCHOOL

For the Two Months Ending March 31st Announced Yesterday—Larger Than Usual, Indicating Fine Work.

The honor roll for the Wilmington High School for the two months ending March 31st, announced yesterday, contains more names than usual, which is evidence of the splendid work on the part of the students during that period. There are 110 pupils who secured either first or second honors, which means that this many have a record of perfect deportment and made an average above 90 on their studies. Five pupils averaged as much as 99 and above, those in this class being as follows:

Mary Claire Peterson, 99.35, Freshman Preparatory I; Alice Sawyer 99.4; Junior, 11; Katherine Hammond 99.2; Sophomore, 11; Emily Hammond, 99.2; Sophomore, 11; Thelma Brooks, 99; Freshman, 1.

Those making first and second honors are:

Senior class, First Honor, Hiram King, 97.16; Isabel Shaw, 96.92; Annie Taylor, 96; Avon Bice, 95.5; Leighton Boon, 95.25; Edelweiss King, 95.45.

Second Honor, Katie Lou Meredith, 94.33; Marguerite Duls, 94; Mary Worth, 93.3; Lewis Stein, 93; Lella Woodcock, 92.66; Willard Cantwell, 92.5; Annie Cavanaugh, 90.

Junior 1, First Honor, Marguerite Croaly, 98.4; Gladys Herring, 96.4; Lalla Johnson, 96.4; Katherine Von-Glahn, 95.4; Edna LaNair, 95.

Second Honor, Jennie Johnson, 94.6; Elizabeth Berry, 91.20; Julia Moore, 92.

Junior II, First Honor Alice Sawyer 99.4; Mary Lorenzo, 96; Tinnie Leah Mercer, 95.6.

Second Honor, Marguerite Solomon, 91.6; Wallace Smith, 91.6.

Sophomore 1, First Honor, Jeanette Buck, 98.72; Lena May Herring, 97.45; Goldie Griffith, 95.8; Arthur Humphrey, 95.4.

Second Honor, Elizabeth Branch, 94.5; Lottie Pales, 93.9; Annie Canady, 92.4; Miriam McEachern, 92.3; Lillian Davis, 92.1; Katie Pridgen, 91.1; Cornelia Brady, 9.7; Isabel Gaylor, 90.5.

Sophomore 11, First Honor, Katherine Hammond, 99.2; Emily Hammond, 99.2.

Second Honor, Lassie Wilson, 94.8; Julia Paison, 94; Bessie Harris, 93.2; Dorothy Nash, 92; Will Monroe, 91.8; Edith Clark, 91.7; Helma Weill, 91.1; Neule Howard, 90.92.

Freshman 1, First Honor, Thelma Brooks, 99; Mary Bellamy, 97.80; Walker Taylor, 96.40; Carobell Blair, 95.20.

Second Honor, Margaret Kingsbury, 94.20; Henry Haar, 94; Hattie King, 94; Eva Kaminsky, 93.80; Paul Hammond, 92.30; Mary Russell, 93.25; Athalia Binning, 92.60.

Freshman 11, First Honor, Valtra Thomas, 95.66; William Cummins, 95.20; Chas. Wagner, 95.

Second Honor, Waldo Moore, 94; McCallum Plowden, 94; Alice Adkins, 94; Minnie Plowden, 92; Gordon Thompson, 93.50; Louise Griffith, 90.50; Cordie Gore, 90.50.

Freshman 11, First Honor, Margaret George, 98.80; John Allen Thames, 97.40; Allie Fechtig, 97.20; Elizabeth Thames, 95.80.

Second Honor, Ida Horowitz, 95.00; Edwin McClure, 92.60; Rachael Pearsall, 92.40; Bryana Whitlock, 92.20.

Freshman Preparatory I, First Honor, Mary Claire Peterson, 99.50; Lillian Solomon, 99.40; Mary Ruth, 98; Elizabeth Moore, 96.20; Harvey Babin, 95.7; Curtis Gardner, 95; Charles Hatzelhurst, 95; Eugene Craft, 95.

Second Honor, Kathryn Willingham, 94.7; Elizabeth Rountree, 94.1; Effie McInnis, 93.6; Nea Fennell, Fennell, 93.3; Cornelia Foster, 92.7; Eunice Tucker, 92.5; Gladys Twining, 92; Mary Louise Stover, 92; Mannie Emerson, 91.7; Janie Emerson, 90.4; Mary Lathrop, 90.2; Lydia Davis, 90.4; Bettie Piner, 90.1.

Freshman Preparatory II, First Honor, Sophia Berry, 95.7; Christine Schuklen, 96.

Second Honor, Ruth Pleasants, 90.5; Myrtle Vollers, 91.9; Maud Willson, 90.6.

Freshman Preparatory III, First Honor, Clara Crier, 95.

Second Honor, Olivia Hewlett, 93; Annie Oldenbuttel, 92; Alma Davis, 92; Hattie DuRant, 90; Lewis Williams 90; Maurice Moore, 90.

THE BAPTIST REVIVALS.

Much Interest Shown in the Meetings Held Yesterday.

The largest congregation to attend the morning union service at the First Baptist Church since the Baptist revivals began about ten days ago, was present yesterday morning, when Evangelist Walker preached a powerful and stirring sermon on "The Mother's Influence." It was one of the ablest and most thoughtful sermons of the series and the speaker was given the undivided attention of his large congregation.

The services at the different churches last night were all largely attended, sermons strong and pointed and the deepest interest manifested by the congregations. Two services are being held daily at Brooklyn Baptist church, 3:30 and 7:30 P. M., while only night services are being held at Southside church. At the First church the union service is held at 10:30 o'clock in the morning and in the evening another service is held.

Midnight in the Ozarks.

and yet sleepless Hiram Scranton, of Clay City, Ill., coughed and coughed. He is in the mountains on the advice of five doctors, who said he had consumption, but found no help in the climate, and started home. Hearing of Dr. King's New Discovery, he began to use it. "I believe it saved my life," he writes, "for it made a new man of me, so that I can now do good work again." For all lung diseases, coughs, colds, is grippe, asthma, croup, whooping cough, hay fever, hemorrhages, hoarseness or quinsy, its best known remedy. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

Cottolene

Brings the sunshine of the south to your home



Cottolene is a vegetable product—made from the choicest cotton oil. Its source is the cotton fields of the Sunny South. From Cottonfield to Kitchen human hands never touch the oil from which Cottolene is made.

Compare the source of Cottolene with the source of lard—hog-fat—and you'll cease to wonder why lard-cooked food throws the stomach out of kilter and causes indigestion.

Cottolene is of absolutely pure origin and ancestry, and will make palatable, digestible, healthful food.

Test Cottolene fairly—note the beneficial effect of Cottolene food on the family's digestion—and you'll never have a pound of lard in your kitchen again.

Made only by the N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

COTTOLENE is Guaranteed

Your grocer is hereby authorized to refund your money in case you are not pleased, after having given Cottolene a fair test.

"Nature's Gift from the Sunny South"

Never Sold in Bull

Cottolene is packed in pails with an air-tight top to keep it clean, fresh and wholesome, and prevent it from catching dust and absorbing disagreeable odors such as fish, oil, etc.

..Theatrical..

Grand Theatre.

Today at the Theatre Beautiful another record breaker programme of pictures, songs and music. Among the pictures will be found three of the latest films embracing drama, comedy and scenic features. "The White Squaw" is the very latest Pathe picture with scenes laid in the West and tells a beautiful Indian story. This is not one of those melodramatic pictures in which a score or more are killed, but is a beautiful scenic production with real Indians as the leading characters. "A Flash of Light," by the Biograph Co., is on this bill and this announcement will come with great pleasure as Grandites are especially fond of the pictures made by this company. Still another picture that portrays a beautiful comedy drama is entitled, "Red's Quest." Those familiar with the Selig pictures know just what to expect with them this is one chance in a lifetime to see one and find out what they have been missing. Mr. Henry has another new song on today and as a special musical number the orchestra will play a selection from

"Judy Forgot." Doors open at 11 A. M. and the Grand is a grand place to meet your friends and see the best motion picture show in the State.

At the Bijou.

Another moving picture bill of fine merit, being strong both in dramatic power and good wholesome comedy, will be offered today at the Bijou. It is well to note particularly in connection with today's Bijou bill that the great Kalem film, "The Roman Wife," which has been talked of for weeks by moving picture men, and its date of entry upon the market (but several days ago) being eagerly expected, is one of the stars of today's offerings. In this film the intense, burning love of the Gypsies, coupled with their bitter resentment and lastly, hate, all are shown, and this romantic story of excitement is set in the prettiest of scenery, that will furnish a treat to the eye. Another intensely dramatic film is "An Ophion's Plight," a pathetic, though pretty story of a father's second marriage, marked by a thrilling fire scene. A big clown film is also on the bill, and Mr. Frank Banks will be heard in a delightful illustrated song.

Crystal Palace. Another complete change in programme today; Carol and Eller, in their most comical of all sketches, and Miss Lester rendering new songs and

repeating her acrobatic dancing. "In the Time of the First Christians," a splendid photoplay production, and "Robinson Crusoe," will be shown on the screen. The "Southern Four," Armstrong, Brewer, Beasley and Pate, will add their new act to the evening performances. Last night they were heartily applauded, especially for the pretty quartette work.

Joyland. The little theatre did an immense business yesterday and the programme presented was highly praised by all. Today goes on another all-star bill and one that will please all, little, big, old and young. Three reels of the highest class pictures will be presented and in addition, Mr. Rilly has selected a new song from one of the late successes of Harry Von Tilzer, entitled, "I Don't Believe You," which will be presented in his usual charming way.

WHO ARE YOU GOING TO VOTE FOR IN THE FOURTH WARD? The young men want you to support Bailey. They are pushing his campaign.

HE DID NOT SEEK THE OFFICE. He is a born Wilmingtonian—stands for clean government—a business administration, and enforcement of the law.

Such men are needed to fill the Office.

SOUTHERN TRAIN WRECKED.

Nine Persons Injured at Ashley, S. C., Yesterday.

Washington, April 13.—Nine persons were slightly injured today when a Southern Railway train No. 31, the southeastern limited from Washington to Jacksonville, was derailed at Ashley, S. C. All the coaches but the rear Pullman, left the rails. The accident is laid to a broken flange, according to advices received at the headquarters of the Southern Railway. The following were among those injured: Mrs. Alice Hard, Alondale, S. C.; C. C. Faris, Winston-Salem, and Mrs. Etta G. Horn, of Chattanooga, Tenn.

Saved His Mother's Life. "Four doctors had given me up," writes Mrs. Laura Gaines, of Avoca, La., "and my children and all my friends were looking for me to die, when my son insisted that I use Electric Bitters. I did so, and they have done me a world of good. I will always praise them." Electric Bitters is a priceless blessing to women troubled with fainting and dizzy spells, backache, headache, weakness, debility, constipation or kidney disorders. Use them and gain new health, strength and vigor. They're guaranteed to satisfy or money refunded. Only 50c at R. R. Bellamy's.

Paying the Price and Getting the Goods

IN the Jeweler's line an article usually costs from a dollar or two up, and anyone wishes to feel that money spent is well invested.

Taking your view from the customer's side, you will find our prices correct.

Honnet Quality.

Honnet

Conservative Progress



Dr. J. J. McKanna, discoverer of the only permanent cure for the blood habit. No dangerous hypodermic injections or nerve wrecking drugs used. Twenty-five years of experience and we have the best known methods. Restate now.

DR. J. J. MCKANNA, Reidsville, N. C.



Purina Sorath Feed Makes Hens Lay. Purina Chick Feed Saves Baby Chicks. Pure, sound, sweet grains and seeds; no grit; no fire-burnt wheat. Order a trial lot from

D. L. GORE CO.

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS, Wilmington, N. C.

DENTISTRY



Lost teeth replaced without the use of plates; decayed teeth restored; loose teeth tightened. Every form of Dental Surgery and all extractions made painless by my new method.

All work guaranteed. Crown and Bridge Work my specialty.

DR. CULBRETH'S DENTAL PARLORS

Front and Princess Streets.

JOYLAND

MOTION PICTURES Educating, Amusing, Instructive. Open Daily, 2:30 to 11 P. M.

Walk Over Shoes for Easter

If you admire the beautiful you will enjoy looking over the new WALK-OVER beauties for Spring. They have just come in. Whether you want to buy shoes now or not—come in and see them.

Latest Styles, in all leathers.

PETERSON & RULFS, 202 North Front Street, next to Murchison Bank.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.
THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at \$6 per year, \$3 for six months, \$1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR. By mail, one year, \$1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in North Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications expounding the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hop, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONE: Business Office, No. 513; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer. **COMMUNICATIONS:** unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if accepted, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Friday, April 14, 1911.

Pronounce it Camorr-eests.

Comic supplements? Comic!

Some men live up to their reputation for trying to down what other men do.

A man can make himself so conspicuous as to become ridiculous without knowing it.

Colonel Roosevelt's visit to Reno was not necessary to assure the notoriety of Reno.

Charlotte's new mayor is a dentist. Thus the Queen City has chosen a man who is in a position to make it rough for all local laws with teeth.

Be there a man with soul so dead, Who never to his wife hath said, Since Easter comes but once a year, Your hat and dress is on me, dear!

If Senator Lorimer is not guilty, he has some friends who saved him all the trouble of incriminating himself in purchasing his election to the Senate.

Says the Jacksonville Times-Union: "Florida's colonization schemes are now full grown realities." They could not have been anything else, for the Florida plan was a guarantee of success.

We ought to have enough factory whistles in Wilmington to wake up our citizens to the realization that the best way to have a "satisfied town" is to give people employment so they can live without becoming knockers.

A man can become so "progressive" in politics that he can get so far ahead of the procession as to make the average man lose sight of him as a leader. A safe leader should have the courage of his convictions, but he ought to be cautious about his convictions.

New York's character is improving in the provinces. A New England minister has just denounced the moral depravity of Philadelphia, San Francisco and Boston, and passed over this city without a word.—New York World.

It is said the Mexican insurgents are hard pushed for something to eat. An insurrection without a commissary is sure to be put down by hunger, so there is little use to send out an army to add to its hard luck. A hungry man should rather be a farm hand than a soldier.

The Atlanta Journal sentimentally observes: "Most men would be cowards if they weren't ashamed to be." There's lots of truth in that, but, indeed, it's curious that a fellow will face shot and shell because he is afraid of the finger of scorn. Bravery seems to be a case of desperate self-respect.

Swat the house fly. When you catch a bunch on fly paper, burn the whole thing, as it is said the eggs will hatch if the dead flies are thrown into a place where conditions are favorable. Noah certainly missed his chance when he didn't let the two spiders catch the two flies which got aboard the Ark.

The Columbia State reports Governor Blaise as saying, during a visit to Greenville a few days ago: "I will show the people that a county officer like Goodwin can not tell the Governor of the State to go to hell." As a matter of fact, it seems that the incorrigible Goodwin did tell him to "go to," and surely that proves that he "can" extend that kind of an invitation. However, the Governor needn't go there unless he feels like making it still warmer for the undesirable citizens who are there and already suffering till they can't rest.

A MATTER OF KNOWING HOW.

In an editorial on "North Carolina Apples," the Charlotte Observer discusses a subject of great importance to the people of the State and throws out some exceedingly practicable suggestions that must be heeded by the people of the fine apple growing region of the State. That editorial is valuable if the hint be taken and acted upon, for it is well calculated to inspire the effort that ought to make North Carolina a famous fruit producing State, not only as to apples, but peaches and other fruits, as well as what are known as the "small fruits," for which the State already has a reputation for acknowledged primacy.

Editorials like that in the Observer, though they are not pretensions, are too valuable to be carelessly cast aside, for they deserve a place in the scrap book as the first lesson in what is bound some day to develop one of the greatest resources of the State. It is pointing the way to a fuller development of a great possibility, and as the lesson can be widely applied, we reproduce it here:

"After a farmer has intelligently prepared his soil, planted and cultivated his crop, it would superficially appear that his possibilities would be exhausted with gathering and putting it on the market. In some instances this is true, but there is at least one important product upon which the farmers are allowing their profit to be cut to pieces through lack of a little further care. Apples which are raised in the mountains of North Carolina, reads a special from High Shoals, 'were sold here in October, November and December at \$2.25 a barrel. These were not very well sorted by the shipper nor properly packed by the producer. Apples from the Northwest are now selling here at \$7.25 a barrel.' Men who know a great deal about the cultivation of apples have said for a long time that the Piedmont and mountain sections of this State are admirably adapted for their production. The planting of orchards is becoming more widespread every year. We may not be able as yet to compete on equal terms with the longer experience of the Northwest in apple-growing, but the inequality cannot last many years. The North Carolina apple has a bright future before it."

It is on this account most important that our orchardists should start right. They can more easily establish habits of careful sorting of fruit and its proper packing throughout the orchards of the State now than they can later when the number of these latter will be greatly multiplied. It will not be enough for a more diligent apple-grower here and there to bring his methods up to date. Unless all the apples are properly handled the sale of the entire North Carolina crop will be injured. The commission merchants through whom the greater volume of the sales must be looked for will judge the State's product not by one or two unusually good examples, but by the general average of the shipments and prices will be fixed accordingly. Thus the entire body of apple-planters has an interest in the alertness and progress of each individual grower."

Articles like that help to build up. They pave the way for a progressive movement for North Carolinians to go forward in what ought to be a great industry in the State. We do not believe there is any country in the world with greater adaptabilities for fruit growing than North Carolina. There is ample expert authority for it and there indisputable proof of it. With her great variety of climate and soil, North Carolina ought to grow a greater variety of fruits than any State in the Union, and it will, if the people make a study of the business and will undertake it. We have no doubt whatever of the result.

However, fruit growing is a business and as a commercial proposition it is highly important. It is not alone in the production of apples that the business lies, but it largely concerns knowing the varieties to plant, how to gather, treat and grade the crop, and finally, the matter of transportation, distribution and marketing of orchard products means everything to the success of the industry. The industry should follow the lines of railways which afford the facilities for distribution, and fruit growing of any kind should be on a scale that will enable the railroads to provide every facility for transportation. When the industry is not sufficiently large to make it an object to the railroads, there must necessarily be slow development, but where the business is developed on a scale to get the railroads interested, it is bound to be profitable. It is so elsewhere and there is no reason why it should not be a source of great wealth to North Carolina.

The strawberry and trucking industry grew to such proportions in eastern North Carolina that special transportation service came to its aid, so that now special refrigerator trains carry the products of this region into the great markets of the North, landing shipments in New York in 18 to 24 hours after the products come from the fields and are loaded. If it were not for such facilities we would have no great small fruit and trucking industry in the Wilmington district.

Our strawberry growers and truckers can learn a lesson from the Observer editorial as to the hint thrown out concerning the handling and grading of their products. Some growers have made a big success by grading their berries and truck, and thousands of crates go forward under the brand of the growers. The closer such details are followed the greater will be the reputation of North Carolina berries and early vegetables. The day is here when we have to adopt the methods necessary to meet the

MARRIED WOMEN

is the expectant mother's greatest help. It is a remedy which prepares the muscles and tendons for the unusual strain, renders the ligaments supple and elastic, aids in expanding the skin and flesh fibers, and strengthens all the membranes and tissues. It is especially valuable where the breasts are troublesome from swelling and congestion, and its regular use will lessen the pain and danger when the little one comes. Women who use Mother's Friend are assured of passing the crisis with safety. It is for sale at drug stores. Write for free book for expectant mothers.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

maximum of satisfaction in the markets, and when we do that as to apples and all other products (variety and quality being carefully looked after), there will be a great future ahead for North Carolina.

We must know how and do it now.

OUR NATURAL RESOURCES.

We must develop the natural resources of North Carolina and we must quit neglecting the great sources of wealth which nature is ready and willing to empty in our laps. One of those of which we have been woefully negligent is the oyster, shellfish and fish possibilities for which the opportunities and advantages in North Carolina are unexcelled. A limitless expanse of adaptable waters and transportation facilities are in our favor, and the only thing lacking is appreciation of our opportunity. Our neglect is criminal.

We simply have to get a move on us. We will just have to quit our neglect, and cease being inappreciative of possibilities which are both prodigious and assuring. We may as well start now to show some appreciation of North Carolina's great food resources, and as we can get a good insight into what our opportunities are, we should not fail to have intelligent representatives at the great meeting of the National Association of Shellfish Commissioners to be held in Baltimore April 18th.

This will be a meeting of great importance, and daily the Baltimore Sun has given columns of space to urging Maryland oystermen and allied interests to attend the three-days' session. It is said the occasion will be a "great oyster school," for experts in all the branches of the industry will be there to read papers, deliver addresses, discuss the industry and give out information. Maryland planters, tappers, pickers, canners, and shippers will attend, and many States will have similar representatives there. Oyster culture will receive a great deal of attention, and it is a pity that many of our more intelligent North Carolina oystermen could not be sent there for the great benefit it would be to Wilmington and the State. Fourteen States will be represented and addresses will be delivered by men from every State, the waters of which produce oysters and other shell fish. Even the Pacific and Gulf States will be well represented.

The Baltimore Sun says the convention will be in the nature of an educational gathering, for the speakers will detail the methods employed in oyster planting in various countries, localities and waters, and the experts will be able to point out the best efforts to secure success in an industry which necessarily must grow more important from day to day. The visitors will have the opportunity of inspecting the oyster beds and gardens of Chesapeake Bay, and also will have pointed out to them the methods and details so successfully practiced there and elsewhere.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Greensboro and Wilmington will have to travel the commission government road alone in North Carolina.—Greensboro Telegram.

Fame is fleeting. How many of us remember the name of the man who struck Booklet T. Washington?—Fort Worth (Texas) Record.

"They are talking of having a prohibition law for Wilmington just as it has had not been having it all along about the same as the rest of us."—Durham Herald.

Dirt is high in North Carolina. The Nathaniel McNair farm in Robeson county was recently sold for \$11,000. What was the value on the tax books?—Raleigh News and Observer.

If Wilmington will point the way for Raleigh to get out of the municipal woods, Greensboro will try to blaze a path for Winston to follow.—from the interest displayed in Asheville we think that city will be able to take care of herself.—Greensboro News.

"Fifteen divorce cases on one day's docket of the New Hanover Superior Court shows that Wilmington, like many another city, does not remain as much behind the times in this respect as it should," observes the Charlotte Observer. Alas, alas! How this great divorce evil is spreading!—Salisbury Post.

A tract of land in Chatham county valued at \$4,000 for taxation was sold the other day for \$20,000. We do not doubt that many more kisses just like it can be found in the State—and in order to raise revenue the legislature places an unjust discriminating tax on the millers of North Carolina. A just equalization of tax values on actual

property in this State would settle the whole question of necessary revenues and work a hardship on no one.—Greensboro News.

Congressman Webb has introduced a bill in Congress making it unlawful to ship intoxicants of any kind into a prohibition State. That is a bill that ought to be passed, and such a law will be enacted sooner or later. No State can enforce prohibition strictly until the shipping in of liquor is stopped.—Greenville Reflector.

The fact that a judge refused to try a murder case in one end of the State because he feared justice would be defeated and the further fact that vote buyers are to be prosecuted in a city at the other end, does not mean that we are growing worse, but rather that we will no longer stand for the way in which some matters have been allowed to conduct themselves.—Durham Herald.

The inspectors of the Bureau of Weights and Measures raided Gansevoort Market yesterday morning and could not find a single honest produce basket. Twelve hundred substitutes for full measure pails and bushels were confiscated. It would be interesting to know how many persons in this country have become sophisticated enough to think that weights and measures are only names and that true commercial gains consist in finding a successful way of splitting up a bushel into five pecks or a gallon into five quarts.—New York Tribune, April 12th.

The Wilmington Star very correctly eulogizes "the Carolina yam" as one of nature's most choice delicacies, asserting that the "Norton yam" and other varieties revel in the soil of tidal North Carolina, and the whole bunch go right to work loading up on sugar so that when they are gathered and cooked they candy in the process. Tidewater Carolina has the world beaten when it comes to the production of sweet potatoes. We excel by all odds when it comes to quality, and we are capable of producing a simply fabulous quantity. Sweet potatoes are a product that ought to meet with much favor at the hands of the girls in our Lenoir county canning contest. They easily yield to this form of treatment, and thus treated they make a delicious food. Sweet potatoes are at home in Lenoir county. But just wait till our contest girls get through raising them, if you want to see something really nice.—Kinston Free Press.

HONOR JEFFERSON'S MEMORY.

Exercises at University of Virginia Marks Birthday of Statesman.

Charlottesville, Va., April 13.—President Jacob J. Schurman, of Cornell University; President E. A. Alderman, and other speakers featured today's celebration of the 168th anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson. The celebration was in connection with the annual Founders' Day exercises at the University of Virginia. Many telegrams were received from alumni and congratulatory and good will and I checked for \$5,000, provided in the will of Judge Lambert Tree, of Chicago, as a perpetual endowment for the University library was announced.

President Alderman arraigned the strenuous opposition of universities to the Statesman, whose serious request, he said, was that in many States State universities had been led to a betrayal of their duty to the secondary school system.

President Schurman discussed "Jefferson and Public Policies of Today." Mr. Schurman said that Jefferson, if alive today, would insist upon the protection of the public rights against capitalistic aggressions.

President Taft's argument for free reciprocity trade with Canada and the Democratic promise to revise the tariff downward will now have the effect at least of turning our faces toward Jefferson's ideal, said Mr. Schurman.

Washington, April 13.—The anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson was marked here today by the passage of a bill in the Senate providing for the erection in this city of a statue to the "Sage of Monticello," at a cost of \$100,000. The Senate also provided for the erection of a statue of Alexander Hamilton, whose name was linked with that of Jefferson in the early days of the Republic.

CLARK SERVED NOTICE.

No More Undelivered Speeches in Congressional Record.

Washington, April 13.—Representative Clark, of Florida, during debate today served notice on his colleagues that there would be no more "extension of remarks," or "leave to print" undelivered speeches in the Congressional Record, a popular outlet when debate is limited, during the 62nd Concluding of speeches in the official record. In the following ten minutes the House gave its undivided attention to what were designated as "fake speeches." Representative Sherley, of Kentucky insisted that they ought to be printed, but should be labeled as not having been delivered in the House. Representative Lafferty, a new member from Oregon, said he wanted to make a speech but did not want to contribute a "fake" speech to the Record.

It is expected that a rule soon will be devised to govern this wholesale printing of speeches in the official daily publication of the House. The Senate always has no speeches to be published that have not been delivered.

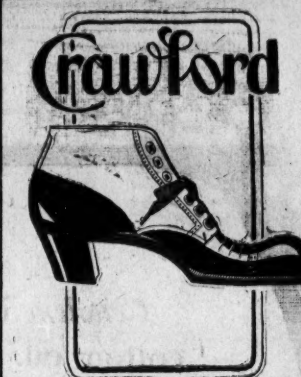
Extraordinary Pre-Easter Opportunity in Shoes For Men, Women and Children

Our Shoe Department, as in our Hat Department, continues to grow in popularity, because the same particular service is rendered when showing a

child's 50c shoe as when showing a Crawford \$5.00 shoe.

Satisfaction to every customer is our only aim.

Children's patent strap sandals 2 to 5, at 75c
Children's soft sole Sandals, 0 to 4, at 15c
Children's Slippers, vel, patent tip, special, 12 to 2, at 90c
Ladies' patent leather strap Sandals, at\$1.48
The Dolly Madison Slippers, at\$3.00 and \$3.50
All the new last.
Crawford Shoes for men, tan, patent leather, vel and velour calf, at\$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00
Men's Low Shoes, at\$1.50
All special Easter prices. Don't forget about your Easter Suit.



Boy's Wash Suits
50c, 75c, 98c
and \$1.50.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Boy's Blue Serge
Pants, Knicker-
bocker and plain.

NO SPLIT, SAYS CLARK.

Action of Republicans Ridiculed—Jefferson Anniversary.

Washington, April 13.—Efforts of Republican partisans to discover a split in the Democratic party were ridiculed tonight by Speaker Champ Clark in an address before the College Men's Democratic League in celebration of the birthday anniversary of Thomas Jefferson.

"We are not going to get together," said Mr. Clark, "for we already are together. We always have been together."

Mr. Clark referred to recent Democratic caucuses, to the unanimity of the Democrats at the last session of Congress, and to the fact that Democrats passed the reciprocity bill in the House "when President Taft, with all his patronage couldn't muster a sufficient majority in a Republican Senate to put his proposition through."

Speaker Clark told the college men they were entering politics at an opportune time, "when we are emerging from 16 years of the wilderness." He declared, however, that if the "hoodlum" went to the polls and the educated stayed at home, the "hoodlum" merited the name of better citizen.

"And it's our turn at last," he said, referring to the Presidential campaign of 1912.

Speaker Clark warned the college men not to be diverted from politics because of the sneers directed at the "mere politician." In the light of human experience, he added, the public mind of today "in the consolation of knowing that, while we are lumped off now, as a job lot of politicians some of us will be rated as statesmen by future generations."

John Temple Graves, of New York, and Senator Fletcher, of Florida; Warren Jefferson Davis, of Virginia; Thomas Nelson Page, and Representative James A. Hanlin, of New Jersey, were among the speakers.

AFTER DRAINAGE SYSTEM.

Slomp Introduces Bill With This Object in Congress.

Washington, April 13.—Representative Slomp, of Virginia, has introduced a bill providing that two million dollars of the money arising from the sale of public lands, which would otherwise become a part of the reclamation fund be used in the construction of a comparative system of drainage of lands in Warwick, Elizabeth City, York, James City, Charles City and New Kent counties, Virginia. All expenses of the construction including salaries and maintenance of works for a period not exceeding ten years, are to be assessed against the lands to be drained in proportion to the benefits.

Washington, April 13.—Europe and the rest of the foreign world must bow to the excellence of the sanitary conditions of the American maneuver division at San Antonio, according to Capt. DeChambun, military attaché of the French embassy, who returned to Washington today from a tour of observation of the mobilization. The compliment was expressed to Secretary of War Dickinson and Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army. The morals of the troops also was excellent, the French expert added.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE TO NORFOLK

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WILSON, GOLDSBORO or NEW BERN

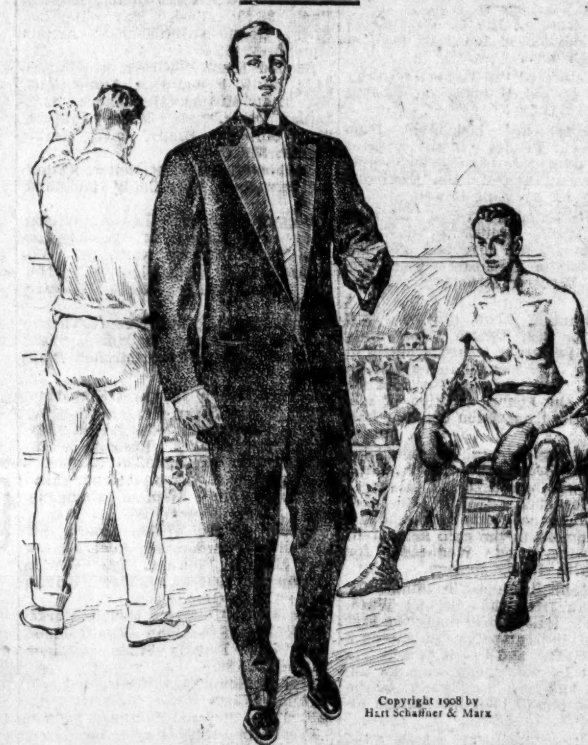
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FULL SERVICE.

Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L. 7:00 p. m.
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Ar. Wilson, A. C. L. 11:30 p. m.
Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L. 5:50 a. m.
Ar. New Bern, A. C. L. 6:30 p. m.
Lv. Goldsboro, N. C. R.R. 7:15 a. m.
Ar. New Bern, N. S. R.R. 9:30 a. m.
Lv. New Bern, N. S. R.R. 8:20 a. m.
Ar. Washington, N. S. R.R. 10:50 a. m.
Ar. Norfolk, N. S. R.R. 3:35 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.
Lv. Norfolk, N. S. R.R. 8:30 p. m.
Ar. Goldsboro, N. S. R.R. 6:20 a. m.
Ar. Wilson, N. S. R.R. 6:35 a. m.
Ar. Wilmington 9:45 a. m.

Daily. 1 Daily Except Sunday.
For reservations, address W. J. Williams, T. A. Wilson, F. W. Tetlow, G. A. Goldsboro; T. A. Bennett, T. A. New Bern, W. A. Croxton, G. F. A. Norfolk, Va.

DAVID'S



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Hart Schaffner & Marx

You will find when you come to do business here, that this store offers you some things that are worth a good deal to you, and that don't cost you anything.

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX

clothes are one advantage. When you buy these clothes you know what you're getting; you don't need to ask about quality, style, or tailoring. A second point is that your satisfaction is guaranteed, or money back. There are other things here besides merchandise; we mean to serve our customers, not simply wait on them. We mean to do it better than it was ever done before; better today than yesterday; help a man buy what he wants, not merely try to sell him what we want him to want. There's quite a difference, you see; we hope you'll see the difference here.

The suits in grays, browns, tans, blues; new patterns, new color decorations, new weaves, new styles. The Shape-Maker for young men; the Varsity and others for all of you; \$18.00 and up.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Wilmington, N. C., March 13, 1911.
Cape Fear Oil Co.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that in my right over the City of Wilmington, as well as in all other rights made for the Wilmington Driving Association, I used Gasoline furnished by the Cape Fear Oil Co. I found same to be very satisfactory and could not ask for any better.

Aeronautically yours,
(Signed) LINCOLN BEACHEY.

SEED POTATOES.

115 Sacks Red Bliss. 15 Bushels Silver Skin Onion Sets.
25 Sacks White Bliss. 700 Tons Navassa Guano.
75 Sacks Irish Cobbler. 200 Tons Bangles Guano.
25 Sacks Early Rose. 100 Tons Acme Guano.
25 Bushels Yellow Onions Sets.

Also a full line of Groceries, all of which will be sold on a close margin.

J. W. BROOKS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Wilmington, N. C.

NON-SUIT ENDS ANOTHER CASE

Plaintiff in Novel Action Drops Case on Account of Absence of Some Witnesses—Pillings Case Again on Trial.

This term of Superior Court for the trial of civil causes has distinguished itself for the number of non-suits taken after the evidence in the cases had been placed before the jury. With the exception of one divorce case, every action taken up for trial this week has gone from the docket by the non-suit route, and several other cases not called for trial met a like fate. In such cases a new action may be brought by the plaintiff.

After consuming a greater portion of yesterday, the novel action of Edmund Highsmith against Thomas A. Smith, both colored, was non-suited at the afternoon session, counsel for the plaintiff stating that important witnesses were not present. Highsmith was suing for \$2,500 punitive damages and \$500 actual, claiming that the defendant tore the roof off of the house he occupied for the purpose of making repairs over his protest and that while the contents of the building were thus exposed there came a great rain and seriously damaged his furniture. He asked for the punitive damages for the alleged willful and wanton manner in which Smith entered the premises and removed the roof and actual for damages done to the furniture by water. The defendant claimed that Highsmith agreed to vacate the house so the repairs could be made and did move out, moving back into the building after the roof had been torn off.

The taking of testimony consumed all the morning session and about an hour of the afternoon session. When both sides had closed, counsel for the defendant stated that a non-suit would be taken on account of the absence of material witnesses. Hon. John D. Bellamy and Herbert McClammy, Esq., appeared for the plaintiff, while the defendant was represented by Wm. J. Bellamy and A. G. Ricard, Esqs., and ex-Judge E. K. Bryan.

The second trial of the case of W. H. Chadbourne and L. J. Merriman against the Brunswick Wood & Coal Co., involving the ownership of 20 large poles, which are used as pilings, was begun late in the afternoon. The jury was selected and empaneled before court adjourned for the day, as follows: O. C. Hill, L. W. Baggett, G. B. King, E. Hancock, J. C. King, D. J. Watson, Richard Adair, W. R. Hartsfield, G. S. Wallace, J. B. Rice, G. B. Myers and M. C. Kreeger. The case was first tried at the December term of court, the jury failing to agree and a mistrial was ordered. Ricard & Empe appeared for the plaintiffs, while Bellamy & Bellamy and Herbert McClammy, Esq., represent the defendant company. The trial will probably consume all of today.

Elizabeth Williams was granted an absolute divorce from her husband, Ernest Williams. Entries were made in the fall of 1909, and the case was called during the day. Chad Wessell against the Wilmington Southport & Little River Co., continued for defendant on account of illness of Mr. R. B. Stone; D. D. Boylan against H. H. Merritt, continued for plaintiff and set for trial the first Tuesday of the May term; D. L. Gore against Oscar Pearall, et al., continued; J. B. Turrentine, Jr., against the A. C. L. Railroad Co., continued; the Regina Co., against D. E. Costin, continued; R. Y. Lennon against R. B. Rives, continued; Leger Meyer against S. L. Smith, et al., continued; J. C. Stevenson & Co. against A. C. L. Railroad Co., continued; Luke Davis against A. C. L. Railroad Co., non-suit; Louisa G. Wright, et al., against City of Wilmington, non-suit; W. B. Savage, et al., against W. M. Cumming, continued; Alex. Sprunt & Son against W. M. Pate, judgment for dismissal; Alex. Sprunt & Son against J. D. Barnes, judgment for dismissal; J. S. Brock against Wacamaw Lumber Co., continued and set for Tuesday first week of May term; Hammer Lumber Co., against B. J. Sanderlin, continued by consent.

FUNERAL OF MR. STERNBERGER

Services Will Be Held from Temple of Israel This Afternoon.

The body of the late Mr. Jake Sternberger, formerly a well known and prominent business man, who passed away at his home in New York City Tuesday morning of pneumonia, was brought to this city yesterday morning, accompanied by the grief-stricken wife and children and Mr. and Mrs. Sol. Sternberger and Messrs. Irving and E. I. Bear. The remains were borne to the residence of Mr. Sol. Sternberger, brother of the deceased, at No. 110 South Seventh street, where many friends called during the day to offer their condolences. Messrs. Irving and E. I. Bear joined the party at Rocky Mount, but Mr. and Mrs. Sol. Sternberger came on from New York.

The funeral services will be held this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock from the Temple of Israel, conducted by the Rabbi, Rev. S. Mendelsohn. The interment will be in Oakdale cemetery and the burial will be with the honors of the Elks' order. Mr. Sternberger being a member of Wilmington Lodge, B. P. O. E. Mr. Sternberger was well affiliated with a number of other fraternal organizations and they will be represented at the funeral.

CITY BASEBALL LEAGUE.

Meeting Last Night of the Managing Committee Trophy Offered.

The managing committee of the Wilmington League of Amateur Baseball Clubs, held a meeting last night in the directors' room of the Y. M. C. A. Routine business was transacted and several matters of importance discussed. It was announced that the Tidewater Power Co. has offered a cup as a prize to the winning club in the league and this will add considerable interest. The matter of letting the contract for the refreshment stand at the grounds was discussed and the secretary was authorized to secure additional bids. Mr. F. E. Walker was chosen as official umpire and Mr. R. Van Arsdale official scorer.

THE SOUTHPORT RAILROAD

Work Has Not Progressed So Rapidly Recently, on Account of Scarcity of Labor—Increase in Naval Stores.

The following items are taken from yesterday's issue of The Southport News, and will be read with interest in this city and section:

"Owing to the fact that labor is scarce, the Wilmington, Brunswick & Southport people have had trouble in securing laborers to extend the railroad as rapidly as the company had planned. The construction force has been operating for the past two or three weeks short of men. Farm work has drawn from this construction force many laborers, who must return and attend to their farms. The turpentine business, which has opened up with such importance this Spring, has also drawn many of the laboring class, making it exceedingly hard to obtain laborers for the hard work of railroad construction.

The week that bonds were voted by Southport, the president of the company negotiated and procured fifty Russians in Philadelphia. This force of men, under their own boss, came down this week from New York on the Clyde Line steamer, and transferred at once to the camps in the Bolivia section, where they begin work today on the railroad. It is understood that these laborers have full experience in road building, having been employed recently on the Erie railroad, and know nothing but pushing hard work for good wages as long as there is any in front of them.

It is more than probable that as the turpentine season opens up that the price will decline, even below 50 cents, which is an abnormal price, but it is also probable that unless a substitute be found for spirits of turpentine for the manufacturing purposes to which it is put that the cost of spirits will not again reach a low figure. It is noticeable that through the county an extra effort is being made to increase the product this year, and this has extended to that point where the short leaf pine trees are being boxed, since the high price warrants the extra work of extracting the product from that tree.

The D. H. Penton is the name of the new 45-foot pilot launch, now registered as No. 3, which is owned by Capt. William St. George and associates. It was brought here the past week by Capt. St. George, from Beaufort, where the boat was built. It is equipped with a 30-horse-power automatic engine, built on the speed model, and makes about eleven knots per hour. Mr. Henry Noe, who was here about four years ago on Cape Fear station, came down with Capt. St. George. The trip from Beaufort was made in nine hours.

The Susquehanna has been put in shape by the Ocean Fisheries Company for fishing. The steamer was a very handsome yacht, and has been converted so as to suit the menaden fishing.

A VALID RECEIPT.

An Example That is Absolutely Binding Here and Hereafter.

Talking about an absolutely valid receipt, a business man on the wharf yesterday submitted the following which seems to cover the case here and hereafter, now and forevermore. Read it:

To all whom these presents shall come or may concern:

Greeting. Know ye that I, ... of the city of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, for and in consideration of the sum of fifteen dollars and thirty-three cents lawful money of the United States of America, to me in hand paid by receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, have remitted, released and forever discharged and by these presents for my heirs, executors and administrators, remitted, released and forever discharged the said and its successors and respectively of and from all manner of action and actions, cause and causes, of actions, suits, debts, dues, sums of money, accounts, reckonings, bonds, bills, specialties, covenants, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises, variances, trespasses, damages, judgments, extents, executions, claims, and demands, whatever in law and equity which against them respectively I ever had, now have, or which I, my heirs, executors, or administrators hereafter can, shall or may have, for upon or by reason of any matter or cause of thing whatsoever, from the beginning of the world to the day of these presents.

In witness whereof I have set my hand and seal the . . . day of . . . 1911.

Delivered in presence of State of County of 1911, before me a Notary Public in and for said county appeared to me known and known to me to be the person mentioned in and who executed the foregoing instrument and duly acknowledged that he executed the same for the purpose therein mentioned.

A Reliable Medicine—Not a Narcotic. Mrs. F. Marti, St. Joe, Mich., says: "Our little boy contracted a severe bronchial trouble. I gave him Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and it cured the cough as well as the choking and gagging spells, and he got well in a short time." ROLF, R. Bellamy.

BEST BOOK OF THE YEAR.

When you stop to think about it, doesn't your Bank Book tell much of the story of your own life? You who can read between its lines and analyze its figures, know the labor and sacrifice represented by each dollar deposited. Every entry is the happy ending of a thrilling chapter. Make your bank book grow—it is recording your history and telling the story of your success.

If you have no bank book, bring in a deposit NOW, and get one.

The Southern National Bank

ap14-11

TRAVELING MEN'S NIGHT WHITE YOUTH SHOT NEGRO

Genial "Knights of the Grip" Will be Honor Guests at Commercial Supper Tomorrow Night—Notices Sent Out.

In accordance with a resolution adopted at the last meeting of the club, the commercial travelers representing Wilmington houses and other "knights of the grip" in the city at the time, will be the guests of honor at the regular meeting and supper of the Commercial Club, an auxiliary of the Chamber of Commerce, in the rooms of the Chamber tomorrow evening, and the indications are that there will be an unusually large attendance of both traveling men and Wilmington business men.

Mr. J. A. McGeachy, secretary of the club, some days ago sent out notices of the meeting to every member of the Chamber of Commerce, reading as follows:

"Dear Sir:—The Commercial Club will hold its regular monthly meeting on Saturday, April 15th, at 8 P. M. sharp, at which time the usual supper will be served, followed by informal talks by the members.

"At the last meeting of the club, it was decided to make the meeting for Saturday evening a Commercial Traveler's event, and to announce a general invitation to all traveling men representing Wilmington interests, or making their headquarters here, to attend the supper, and it is hoped that all our traveling men can be present. As usual, the 'Dutch Treat' plan will prevail, any member being entitled to invite as many guests as he may choose, the plates being 75 cents each.

"Secretary McGeachy would like to be advised not later than Saturday morning, whether or not you expect to attend."

Notices of the meeting and supper have also been sent to the officers of the local post of the Travelers' Protective Association and the local council of the United Commercial Travelers. No formal invitations have been issued to the traveling men but it is hoped and expected that all traveling men representing Wilmington concerns and others in the city will attend. Each member of the Chamber of Commerce has the privilege of inviting as many traveling men to attend the supper as he desires, under the usual conditions, as stated in the notices sent out. Those who expect to attend are asked to notify Secretary McGeachy as soon as possible so that ample provision may be made for all. The meeting promises to be one of the most important held in some time and every member of the club should attend, and take as his guest some traveling man.

GEORGE DAVIS MONUMENT

Will Be Unveiled Next Thursday With Appropriate Exercises—Judge H. G. Connor the Orator of the Occasion.

With beautiful, inspiring and appropriate exercises the monument erected by Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, at the corner of Third and Market streets, to the memory of Hon. George Davis, Wilmington's illustrious son and Attorney General of the Confederacy, will be unveiled next Thursday at noon—an event which has been looked forward to with more than ordinary interest for many months, and in addition to the thousands of Wilmington people who will attend the ceremonies there will be many here from a distance.

The Daughters have arranged a most attractive programme for the occasion and have also sent out a large number of invitations. The address of the occasion will be delivered by Hon. Henry G. Connor, judge of the United States Court of the Eastern District of North Carolina, a native of Wilmington. He will be introduced by General James I. Metts. The Daughters made a splendid selection of the speaker and are to be congratulated upon securing his acceptance. Handsomely engraved invitations, surrounded by a Confederate flag, in colors, and surrounded by a golden wreath, were issued yesterday.

Cape Fear Chapter, No. 3 North Carolina Division, U. D. C. requests your presence at the ceremonies attending the Unveiling of the Statue of the Hon. George Davis on Thursday, April twentieth, nineteen hundred and eleven at twelve o'clock Wilmington, N. C.

Among the out-of-town visitors who are expected to be here is Mrs. F. M. Williams, of Newton, president of the State Chapter, U. D. C., who has many friends in Wilmington. Many other prominent persons from different parts of the State are expected to attend.

ELKS TO ASSEMBLE.

Installation of Officers Monday Night. Atlantic City Reunion.

A special meeting of Wilmington Lodge No. 532, B. P. O. E., will be held at the Temple Monday evening at 8 o'clock. This meeting will be for the installation of officers recently elected and for such other business as may be presented. The matter of attending the Grand Lodge sessions in a body, at Atlantic City, will be fully discussed in connection with the recent action of the State Convention at Durham. After the meeting a smoker will be enjoyed and a royal good time is assured all who will attend. Notices of the meeting are being sent out by Exalted Ruler Louis Goodman.

"The White Square."

Pathe Indian story. Grand Theatre today.

Robert Thompson Wounded in Abdomen With 22-Calibre Rifle—Wesley Hamilton and Richard Phillips Arrested.

Robert Thompson, colored, is in the James Walker Memorial Hospital with a dangerous wound in the abdomen, inflicted with a 22-calibre rifle, and Richard Phillips and Wesley Hamilton, white, aged 15 and 16 respectively, are in the city prison without bond, charged with the shooting, which occurred near Sixth and Bladen streets shortly after 11 o'clock last night. The negro is seriously wounded, but it is thought that he will recover.

Mounted Officers Frank George and J. H. Davis were on the scene a few minutes after the shooting and placed the boys under arrest and sent the negro to the hospital for attention. Phillips stated to the officers at the hall that while walking along the street in that section of the city last night he was accosted by a negro who held him up with the evident purpose of robbing him of anything valuable he might have on his person; that he succeeded in getting away from the negro and ran home and secured his 22-calibre rifle, and accompanied by Wesley Hamilton, who works at Mr. Bradshaw's store at Sixth and Harnett streets, went back to the scene of the "hold-up" where they found the negro, who attacked both lads. Phillips stated that when the negro closed in on them he fired his rifle, the bullet taking effect as stated. Neither boy knew the name of the negro. Hall officers stated that 20 boys appeared to be drinking.

REMANDED TO RECORDER

Cases Against Women of Questionable Character Arrested on Capiases Following Indictments that were brought by the grand jury last week charging them with common nuisance, will be tried in the Recorder's court, Judge Peebles yesterday morning, upon motion of A. G. Ricard, Esq., having stated that he would remand the cases to the lower court for hearing.

It is not known just when the cases will be heard in the Recorder's court, but probably not until Superior Court adjourns when the Recorder will again have the use of the Court House for his courts. The sessions of his courts are now held at police headquarters, which answers the purpose very well when there are no big and hard fought cases for trial, but is hardly the proper place when there are a large number of important and hotly contested cases to be heard.

It will be recalled that the grand jury, upon the petition of some 50 or 60 citizens of the eastern section of the city, made an investigation of the houses of ill-repute in that neighborhood with the result that indictments were brought against 18 women for common nuisance. The officers were able to locate only 11 of the number, and these gave bond for appearance at the July term of Superior Court, but will now be heard by the Recorder.

Quite a number of people yesterday were discussing with no little interest the question as to how the prosecution would proceed against the women how it would be possible to make out a case against any of them. Under the authority of an act of the Legislature of 1907 the evidence of the general reputation of the house shall be taken into consideration. The law in full, Chapter 779 of the Public Laws of 1907, relative to bawdy houses, is as follows:

"Sec. 1. That on a prosecution in any court for keeping a disorderly house or bawdy house, or permitting a house to be used as a bawdy house, or used in such a way as to make it disorderly, or a common nuisance, evidence of the general reputation or character of the house shall be admissible and competent; and evidence of the lewd, dissolute, and boisterous conversation of the inmates and frequenters, while in and around the house, shall be prima facie evidence of the bad character of the inmates and frequenters, and of the disorderly character of the house."

"Sec. 2. That the manager or person having the care, superintendency or government of a disorderly house or bawdy house is the 'keeper' thereof, and that one who employs another to manage and conduct a disorderly house or bawdy house is also the 'keeper' thereof."

"Sec. 3. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification. Many expressed the opinion that if an effort is to be made to run such houses out of the city, a quicker and more certain method would be to proceed under Sec. 4, of the city ordinances, under Lead of Ordinances Affecting the Peace and Good Order of the City," etc., found on page 36 of the codified city ordinances, and reading as follows:

"Every person who shall keep a disorderly house of ill-fame, and any person who shall knowingly rent any house to be used as a house of ill-fame, shall be fined \$50 for every day the house is so kept, and all adult persons living in such house, shall be considered the keepers thereof, and be subject to the penalties of this section."

One Conductor Helped Back to Work. Mr. Wilford Adams is his name, and he writes: "I was confined to my bed with chronic rheumatism and used two bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy with good effect, and the third bottle put me on my feet." It clears the blood of uric acid. Robt. R. Bellamy.

THAT BIG WHITE BUILDING

THE FARMER

and others living out of the city find it convenient and safe to keep their money with this strong, old Savings Bank. Able directors, strong management and large resources make the "Peoples" a Gibraltar of strength among the Savings Banks of the South. WE INVITE YOUR ACCOUNT

OLD AND STRONG

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT & PRINCESS

Name This Company

Your Executor, or Guardian of your children. It is safer and more reliable than an individual. It never takes a vacation, and does not die. Trust Department under supervision of Bank's Attorney.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Oldest and Largest Savings Bank in the State.

OBSERVANCE OF GOOD FRIDAY

Most Solemn Day of the Year for Some of Churches and Impressive Services Will be Held. Banks Close.

Today is Good Friday and is the most solemn day of the year to the observers of the Lenten season, and will be observed by the Catholic, Episcopal and Lutheran churches in commemoration of the crucifixion of Christ. Services will be held today in practically all the Wilmington churches of these denominations. The services are always solemn but very beautiful and the attendance usually is large. There will be services early this morning and there will be other services during the day.

Good Friday is always pretty gen-

erally observed in Wilmington. The banks will be closed as will also, a number of business houses.

At St. James' Episcopal Church today the services will consist of Morning prayer at 7:30 o'clock; the three hours' service from 12 to 3, and the Passion service at night, beginning at 8 o'clock. The midday service will consist of a series of addresses on the Words of Jesus from the Cross, interspersed by hymns and prayer. The thought is continuous, but each address is complete in itself; and persons who cannot stay through the whole service can leave during any of the hymns. It is earnestly hoped that others than those who are members of the Episcopal Church will take advantage of this opportunity for the deeper study of the meaning of the Lord's death and passion.

The service at night will be almost wholly musical, celebrating and illustrating the meaning of prophecy and history with solemn music. Those who have attended such service are

deeply impressed with their devotion character. The general public is invited to this service also.

Y. M. C. A. Work at Fort. General Secretary J. B. Huntington, of the local Y. M. C. A., returned yesterday morning from Fort Caswell, where he went to confer with Chaplain R. W. Springtr with a view of establishing some branch of the association work there, and is enthusiastic over the outlook. He speaks highly of the work the chaplain is already doing at the fort and stated that a special invitation had been issued to the soldiers to visit the Wilmington association.

Washington, April 13.—John Hays Hammond today filed a formal plea of not guilty in the suit brought against him by Daniel J. Sully, for \$1,500,000 damages for conspiracy to defame the latter's character and destroy his good standing.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

Big Sale of Silk Petticoats

---Special Purchase---

The assortment of 200 Silk Petticoats consists of Black Taffeta, Colored Taffeta, Persian and Dresden designs. They were made to retail for \$5.00. We will place them on sale this week only for

\$2.98 Each

Limit of only one to a customer.

Home Journal Patterns for May have arrived. Also the Summer style Book, price 25c including a 15c pattern. Fashion sheets free.

Special Display for Easter

of Gloves, Neckwear, Ties, Parasols, Fancy Collars, Silk Hosiery and Shirt Waists. When looking for Carpets, Matting, Linoleum, Window Shades and Draperies, remember we have the largest department in the State.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

The Ladies' Home Journal Pattern No. 5807

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

**BATTLE IN MEXICO
NEAR THE BORDER**

(Continued from Page One.)

Nacozari railroad into Sonora and is the most important point on the border between El Paso and the Pacific ocean.

Following are the American dead and injured:

Dead: Robert Harrington, J. C. Edwards.

Wounded: ... Diko, E. E. Crow, probably die; A. R. Dickson, half owner of the Washington mine, shot through the thigh, condition serious; Forest Rutherford, assistant superintendent Copper Queen smelter, shot in foot; Carlos Lennon, a baker from Bisbee, shot in leg; Genevieve Cole, 16 years old, daughter of A. W. Cole, formerly alderman of Douglas City council, shot through arm; W. W. Singleton, chemist at Copper Queen mine, flesh wound in arm; Robert Harrington was a switchman employed in the yards of Douglas and was on his train at Fourth street. A bullet struck him in the head and he tumbled from the car. He was picked up and taken in a wagon to the Copper Queen hospital, where he died within an hour. E. E. Crow, another switchman, was on the same train and the same volley that killed Harrington swept him from the car also. Crow's family reside in Colorado. J. C. Edwards, a young man, 25 years old, was fighting with the insurgents and was killed. His home was in Virginia. Lopez captured the Nacozari train on its southbound trip yesterday and held it near Fronteras until today, when, with his troops aboard, numbering 150, it steamed back to Agua Prieta. Scarcely had the rebels detained when the firing began.

The rebels deployed the firing line up and down the Nacozari railroad track from Agua Prieta station to the American customs house. With the opening of the battle there being a rush of American sightseers from Douglas toward the international line the greater number passing at the customs house. The insurgents in front rushed kept moving northward toward the customs house till with its shadows. The customs house is surrounded on three sides facing Agua Prieta with a veranda which was crowded with Americans and Mexicans from Douglas. One rebel attempted to run from the embankment to an adobe house a few feet to the rear. He doubled up in his tracks. Another followed, dropping dead at the door.

Another, losing heart, threw down his gun and broke for the American line, only a few feet away, when Lopez leveled his gun at the fugitive, fired and brought him to earth.

The rebels swung up along the international line, taking possession of the Mexican guard house which the Americans had made their ammunition magazine. A squad of 15 fought from this shelter with Lopez commanding. This house is only 70 feet from the line where hundreds of Americans stood.

As the rebels swung around to this flank, it brought the Federal fire from Agua Prieta directly toward the American customs house. Telephone poles were struck, shot dug up the sand on all sides, but the sightseers, mad with the enthusiasm of the fight, stood their ground.

Dickson, the American shot through the thigh, had taken up a position behind a little dirt embankment to the south of Nacozari station on the American side with a station employe. Both waved their white handkerchiefs at a squad of Federals, but the sight of peace was answered by a volley of shots, one of which struck Dickson as he lay on the ground.

One squad of Federals charged to the outskirts of the town and the rebels fell back to a group of adobe buildings. The Federals also took shelter in a building nearby but a few volleys caused them to abandon it.

With another rush a squad of rebels took possession of a second guard house by the international line, where they hoisted their red, white and green National flag as they had done at the magazine.

On the tallest of the adobe buildings, the commissario's headquarters, stood two Federal officers calmly noting the rebel movements and directing their own force. They drew the fire of the rebel rifles unheeded, the Americans cheering their bravery. Suddenly one of them crumpled up and fell. A moment later the Federal commander ordered his men out of the quartet. Dynamite charges placed in the rear were exploded and the whole wall blown out to give them an exit.

At 3:35 o'clock Capt. J. E. Gaujo, of troop K, first cavalry, U. S. A., learned of the attack on Agua Prieta and ordered his command of 40 troopers to the international line. Between the customs house and the first monument the Federal bullets and those from the rebel rifles farther south poked and dusted the desert. Into this rode the United States cavalry.

American Troops Stop Fight.
Agua Prieta, Mex., April 13.—During a battle which lasted all afternoon and resulted in the capture of this city by the rebels commanded by "Red" Lopez, American troops crossed the border and stopped the fighting.

The action was taken after three men had been killed and several wounded in Douglas, and the continued firing was endangering the lives of Americans on United States territory. Douglas was under constant fire for three hours.

News in Mexico City.
Mexico City, April 13.—Mexican officials who could be reached tonight with the account of the capture of Agua Prieta, and of the part taken by American troops, declined to make any comment, pending the receipt of an official report of the affair.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Louis Goodman—Attention Elks. For Sale—Motor Boat.
Wanted—Room and Board.
E. Warren & Son—Ice Cream.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Ice Cream.
Palace Market Co.—You Ought to See.
Onslow Telephone Co.—Manager Wanted.

FAYETTEVILLE PRESBYTERY.

Interesting Sessions at Laurinburg—Visitors for a Ride.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Laurinburg, April 13.—The third day of the Presbytery of Fayetteville was opened with devotional exercises conducted by the Rev. A. R. McQueen, of Dunn. Rev. W. T. Walker, superintendent of the Barium Springs Orphanage, reported that all the debts of that institution have been paid, and that there is a surplus supply fund on hand. He made an earnest appeal for contributions to the completion of the lighting and water plant. The State chemist has declared the present water supply badly contaminated with typhoid fever germs. The Presbytery heard Mr. Walker with pleasure, and assured him that the necessary funds will be forthcoming. The committee appointed to inquire into the views of Licentiate R. D. Dixon, recommended that his license be temporarily suspended.

The State Supt. of Synod's Missions, Rev. M. McG. Shields, reported the largest collections and the most successful year in the history of this enterprise. All workers are paid in full and a small surplus on hand. This committee is concentrating its efforts on Eastern North Carolina. So successful has been their endeavor that only 12 counties in the State now remain without a Presbyterian church.

Rev. C. G. Vardell, the untiring, irrepressible president of the Southern Presbyterian College of Red Springs, reported that this college plant is complete but that a small debt of \$6,000.00 is sadly threatening its usefulness. Appeal was made on the floor of the presbytery, and a good part of this was subscribed. Dr. Vardell reports the largest attendance in the history of the college, with a graduating class of 19.

Revs. R. W. Joplin, of Red Springs, and A. W. Crawford, of Reidsville, were elected commissioners to the General Assembly, which meets in Louisville, Ky. Elders E. R. Buchanan, of Manly, and Dr. Lynn Melver, of Sanford, were appointed as lay representatives.

Parkton was chosen for the next stated meeting and September 12th the date.

The two sermons of the day were by Revs. R. J. Beattie, from John 3:16, and W. C. Brown, on the Deity of Christ.

More discussion by the representatives than usual will prolong the sessions through tomorrow. Presbytery took recess at 5 P. M., and was conducted in a procession of 40 automobiles over a ten-mile course of Scotland county good roads.

Many representatives left for their homes tonight, enthusiastic over the cordial and royal entertainment of the city of Laurinburg.

DETECTIVES ARE ARRESTED.

Alleged "Black Hand" Letter—Action Caused Surprise.

Indianapolis, April 13.—Gilbert B. Perkins, of Pittsburg, head of a private detective agency, and his son, Walter Perkins, in charge of the agency's Indianapolis branch, were arrested here today by United States deputy marshals, charged with having written the mails to defraud. They are accused of sending a "black hand" letter to C. Strong, a capitalist, of Erie, Pa., threatening to blow up his family mausoleum or his home unless he deposited for them in a certain place, \$50,000. The alleged purpose in writing the letter, it is said, was to obtain from Strong a commission to arrest the writer. The men were released under \$1,000 bonds each.

Erie, Pa., April 13.—Gilbert B. Perkins, with several of his sons and a corps of operatives was employed to ferret out the desecrators of the mausoleum of the late Congressman William L. Scott, father of Mrs. Charles H. Strong, early in February. Almost daily, Gilbert Perkins issued formal statements, promising arrests and the return of the body that was reported to have been stolen.

Postoffice inspectors were called into the case early in the search for the ghoul, and to them was given the letter demanding \$50,000, and purporting to be a "black hand" letter.

Police officials here received news of Perkins' arrest tonight with some surprise.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 13.—Harry M. Perkins, whose father and brother were arrested by the United States authorities at Indianapolis today, declared tonight that an investigation will prove them innocent. He said the charges were of malicious origin.

MAY BE SECOND CALL.

North Carolina Will Probably be Asked for Soldiers.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Raleigh, N. C., April 13.—It is learned that there will probably be a second call for a batch of five military officers of the North Carolina National Guard to go to the Texas maneuvers about April 25th, the call to come from the War Department. It is interesting, also, that there will, in all probability, be something like three additional calls for squads of Carolina Guard officers to go to Texas for this camp training.

Letters from Col. J. T. Gardner, of Shelby; Major E. B. Glenn, of Asheville, and Captains Hall and Phillips, who constitute the Carolina officers already enjoying this camp instruction, indicate that they are well pleased. They write that the training they are receiving is being given in a most agreeable manner and everything is well done for their enjoyment as well as instruction. Gardner is assigned to the 13th regiment, Glenn to the 13th, and Captains Hall and Phillips with the 11th, all assigned with regulars of their respective ranks.

DIES AT SOUTHERN PINES.

Former New Hampshire Governor Passes Away in This State.

Milford, N. H., April 13.—John McLane, former governor of New Hampshire, died at Southern Pines, N. C., today, according to word received here tonight. He had been in ill health for some months and went South two weeks ago. The cause of death was cirrhosis of the liver.

Governor McLane was official host of the Russian-Japanese envoys during the Portsmouth Peace Conference.

NOTABLES ATTEND FUNERAL.

Tom Johnson's Body Laid to Rest in Cemetery at Brooklyn.

New York, April 13.—With solemn and fitting honors, the obsequies over the body of Tom L. Johnson, late mayor of Cleveland, were held today in Greenwood cemetery, Brooklyn, near where his old friend, Henry George, was laid to rest.

Accompanied by members of the Johnson family and many friends, the body of the former mayor was brought here from Cleveland on the private car Livingston, attached to the Twentieth Century Limited. William J. Bryan, Henry George, Jr., and Lincoln Steffens were among those to meet the funeral party at the Grand Central station, when the cortege took its way to the cemetery.

In the party were Mrs. Margaret Johnson, widow of the mayor; Loftin E. Johnson, Mrs. Elizabeth Mariani and her daughter, Margaret Mariani; the family servants and a number of Ohio friends, including Rev. Harris R. Cooley, who performed the funeral ceremony both here and at Cleveland, the pall bearers: William J. Bryan, C. M. Bates, of Trenton; Ben. T. Cable, of Rock Island, Ill.; August Lewis, of New York; Lincoln Steffens, F. C. Howe, Henry George, Jr.; A. J. Moxham, Senator Alce Pomerene, of Ohio, and Dr. P. A. Brennan.

DEMOCRATS ARE ACTIVE.

Planning to Extend Their Tariff Revision Programme.

Washington, April 13.—Encouraged by the smooth working of their new legislative machine, which today began to grind, Democratic leaders of the House are planning to extend their tariff revision programme. Until this time the only tariff tinkering determined upon included Canadian reciprocity, the free list to be increased, farmers opposed to the reciprocity bill as it stands, and the wool and cotton schedules, but now it has been determined to revise the agricultural schedule.

Chairman Underwood, of the Ways and Means committee, stated tonight that the House will complete the business outlined at the present much earlier than was generally anticipated and that other tariff schedules would be taken up after the wool and cotton schedules have been revised.

The agricultural schedule will be assailed by the Democrats because of the high cost of living and an effort will be made to reduce the duties on these food products that are most necessary to the public.

AS TO WOOL SCHEDULE.

Tariff Board Has Decided Not to Assist in Revision.

Washington, April 13.—Revision of the wool schedule of the Payne-Adrich tariff law, accepted as forming part of the programme of the Democratic House of Representatives, will have to be undertaken without the assistance of the tariff board. It was announced today, following the first full meeting of the House Committee on Ways and Means that the tariff board is not yet in a position to furnish information on the wool schedule that would be of use to that committee. The board has informed Chairman Underwood that it has unanimously decided that submission of the incomplete data on wool growing, which is now in its possession, would be misleading and unfair to the board and that a partial report should not be sent to Congress.

A STAB AT LORIMER.

Action in New Hampshire Senate Concerning Illinois Senator.

Concord, N. H., April 13.—Declaring that it appears morally certain that United States Senator William Lorimer, of Illinois, obtained his seat by bribery, fraud and corruption, the New Hampshire Senate today by a vote of 16 to 6 adopted a resolution informing Senators Gallinger and Eurnham that "the sentiment of the people of New Hampshire appears to be that Senator Lorimer should not be allowed to retain his seat in the United States Senate."

The resolution was then sent to the House for concurrence, but as there was so much opposition the matter was indefinitely postponed. Copies of the resolutions were ordered to be sent to each United States Senator.

NEW RULE OF EXCHANGE.

Three Samples Instead of Two from Sellers of Cotton.

New York, April 13.—The New York Cotton Exchange voted today to require three samples instead of two as heretofore from sellers of cotton to be used for grading. The board of managers recommended the change and today's poll so amends the by-laws.

Two other propositions recommended by the board of managers were voted down. One would have given the holder of a warehouse receipt and certificate of grade the right to withdraw the cotton represented by the receipt and certificate; the other would have added a third revision day for spot quotations during the calendar year. Many members who advocated four or more revision days worked against the three-day plan.

FIRE AT POLO GROUNDS.

Destroyed Most of the Grand Stands Last Night—Details.

New York, April 14.—Fire originating from some unknown cause, swept through the National League baseball park, (the Polo grounds) at 155th street and Eighth avenue, shortly after midnight this morning, destroyed most of the grandstands and is threatening the bleachers. The park seats 40,000 persons and had just been renovated for the 1911 baseball season, which opened Tuesday.

The park has been the home of the New York National League Club for years and is one of the most beautiful in the country. The grandstand was a double deck steel and wood affair, and the field is surrounded by a perfect amphitheatre of bleachers.

Malaria Causes Loss of Appetite.
The Old Standard GROVES TASTE LESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.

SOLONS DECIDE TO LEAVE.

Will Get Out of State for Purpose of Blocking Legislation.

Nashville, Tenn., April 13.—Twenty Republicans and 14 independent Democratic members of the Tennessee Legislature have gone to Decatur, Ala., for the purpose of blocking further legislation in the matter of an amendment to the State election law passed yesterday. At a meeting this afternoon the regular Democrats of the lower Houses decided to remain in session for the next two years, meeting and adjourning from day to day. A report of the absent lawmakers issued a statement this afternoon in which it was declared that the solons had left the State in order to nullify the election bill passed yesterday and because they believed the regulars would attempt to repeal the liquor law now on the statute books of the State.

The legislative situation tonight is still much clouded. Unless the regulars return there can be no appropriation bills of revenue or assessment measures and the wheels of government will have to cease revolving. There will be no money for schools or any other agency of government.

Richmond, Va., April 13.—The biennial convention of Sigma Sigma Sorority today elected Miss Bessie Brown, of Gainesville, Va., grand president; Miss Annie May Lanoue, Dallas, Tex., grand vice-president; Miss Will Lynn Tucker, Everett, Ark., corresponding secretary; Mrs. R. H. Brown, McKinney, Texas, recording secretary; Miss Carrie K. Mason, Ithaca, New York, grand treasurer.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion, but an advertisement taken for less than five insertions will be charged at the rate of one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this heading are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by Phone No. 51. A D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender and daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call Western Union, Phone No. 2. But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

REPAIRS—For the typewriter. Bargains for buyers. J. T. Runge, at phone 625. ap11-17

WANTED—A general manager for a small telephone plant. No experience necessary. Only qualification necessary, knowledge of the telephone business and public with court. Address all mail to Onslow Telephone Co., Jacksonville, N. C. ap11-14

FOR SALE—One motor boat having salt water fittings; brass shaft and propellers; good rise hull; Johnson engine; speedily, comfortably; good for commercial work or pleasure. Address "Motor Boat," P. O. Box 24, City. ap11-14

WANTED—Young man to work in grocery store. Apply Fifth and Campbell streets. ap11-17

STORE CLOSED TODAY.—We observe Good Friday, and our store will be closed all day. The C. W. Polvogt Co. ap11-17

WANTED—Room and board for one. Address "P. O. Box 428, City." ap11-14

YOU OUGHT TO SEE—Be sure to see our supply for Easter. We have full assortment of fresh meats, fruits and vegetables. Come and see our place. It will improve your appetite. Everything good to eat. Palace Market Co., Phone No. 72. ap11-11

DELICIOUS Strawberry (made from fruit, chocolate and vanilla ice cream today. E. Warren & Son, Phone 376. ap11-14

WANTED—Lienman by first of May, 1911, who understands how to construct lines, keep switch board repair. Address "General Manager," The Onslow Telephone Co., Jacksonville, N. C. ap11-21

WANTED—Experienced salesman to call on wholesale grocers in North and South Carolina. Sell staple goods; only experienced salesmen need apply. Address Box 16, City. ap11-17

WANTED—A first class saw mill and log skidder, with knowledge of the business, for Chatham County, Ga. None but first-class men need apply. Address Box 48, Wallace, N. C. ap11-21

TAILORING—Gentlemen, see my line of Spring and Summer Suits before you buy. No mail orders; popular prices. Leeger Meyer, Merchant Tailor, 109 Princess street, 2nd floor. ap11-14

FOR SALE—One of the richest farms in the South, 925-acre James River farm; wharf on property; good alfalfa; wheat and corn land; does not overflow; 400-acre field of table land as fine as land as ever farmed near city of 125,000 people. In a few years this farm will pay for itself. Price, \$40 an acre; worth \$25 an acre. Terms, very reasonable. John H. Chaffin, R. F. D. 5, Richmond, Va. ap11-30

TYPEWRITERS, all makes, for sale. I make a specialty of rebuilt Underwoods; a saving of 25 to 50 per cent, and as good as new. Phone 1123, John S. Ramos, Princess Building. ap11-17

ENERGETIC young man, with good references, wants to make a change. Will do any kind of work; office work preferred. Address "Energetic," care Star. ap11-17

\$35.00 IN GOLD to owners and users of the Holiday "Burbesewer." Ask our particulars or write us for particulars. Live agents wanted. Riley R. Colley, Shepherd Bldg., Raleigh, N. C. ap11-12

OR SALE—Thoroughbred Rhode Island Red eggs, 250 per setting of 15 eggs. Address A. A. Ludlow, Lock Box 452, Wilmington, N. C. ap11-17

WANTED—A position as band saw flier. Have had many years experience and can furnish references. Address Box 201, Edenton, N. C. ap11-17

TYPEWRITERS: Represent one of the world's biggest sales firms—new or rebuilt—and figures reasonable. Competent repair help. J. T. Runge, at phone 625. ap11-17

FRESH GREEN VEGETABLES—Fresh native and Florida vegetables, best supply in the city. Call for what you want; we have it. Also full line of fancy meats, both native and Western. Come in and see our place. No flies—screen doors and electric fans. Everything pleasant. Palace Market Co., Phone No. 72. ap11-17

WANTED—Typewriters to repair. Any make repaired. Will loan you a machine while yours is being repaired. Prices quoted. Phone 1123, John S. Ramos, Princess Building. ap11-17

BIG TRACT OF LAND—Over one thousand acres, for sale.

Located on Atlantic Coast Line and Castle Hayne public road. Splendid location for factory and home sites for employees. Smith & Lord, Agents, 129 Princess street. Phone 766. mh26-17

MAYER & SELLERS. Expert paint contractors at medium cost. Kalsomining and decorating a specialty; all work guaranteed. We would be glad for you to give us a call. Phone 345, or 1353. Residence No. 524 S. Front st. mh26-17

THE GILBERT HOUSE combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets; junction of all cars. Cars to depot; steam heat, electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best, and rates reasonable. Transient, \$1.25 to \$1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. mh26-17

LET US FIGURE on repainting and repairing your old buggies, wagons and automobiles. We can save you money. Wilmington Carriage Works, 1105 Castle street. Phone 1019. mh26-17

BREAD, CAKES AND PIES—We have the largest wholesale bakery in the State. Special attention to out of town orders. Write for our prices. Farrie Bakery, 160 South Front st.; P. O. Box 450. mh26-17

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES of solid leather suit cases, hand bags, trunks, watches, jewelry, musical instruments, machines, tools, etc. Uncle Charles, Pawtucket, 108 Market street. mh26-17

SMITH & LORD—Insurance and Real Estate Agents, 129 Princess street. If you wish to insure your property or buy or sell real estate, give us a call, or phone us. (No. 766). mh26-17

BOILER FOR SALE—One horizontal tubular boiler, 40-horsepower, carrying 100 lbs. steam; virtually new; guaranteed insurance on boiler with Hartford Co. City Laundry Co. mh15-17

ATTENTION ELKS!

Members of Wilmington Lodge No. 532, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, are requested to assemble at their Lodge room this (Friday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our departed brother, I. J. Sternberger. LOUIS GOODMAN, Exalted Ruler. 1 sq.-it.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of the late Jake Sternberger, will take place at 3:30 o'clock this (Friday) afternoon from the Temple of Israel, Fourth and Market streets. Interment in Oakdale cemetery. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

ACADEMY

SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT

MISS RUTH GREY.

MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON.

Ladies Only.

TONIGHT

Tomorrow Night and General Matinee

TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Saturday afternoon's bill especially attractive for children, and a price of 10 cents for them.

Sterling Silverware

Rich Cut Glass

A. O. SCHUSTER

JEWELER

104 North Front Street

Cotton Seed MEAL

369 Bags C. S. Feed Meal.

411 Bags 7-12 per cent. C. S. Meal

103 Bags Corn Hen Feed.

109 Tons Corn Chick Feed.

176 Bags Ice Cream Salt.

285 Bags Coarse Salt.

914 Bags Fine Salt.

81 Bbls. Packet Salt.

191 Cases Corn Beef.

110 Cases Roast Beef.

47 Cases Can Tripe.

40 Carloads Land Plaster direct from factory to dealer.

W. B. COOPER

IMPORTER AND JOBBER.

"The saving of money usually means the saving of a man. It means cutting off indulgences or avoiding vicious habits. The little difference between what you earn and what you spend is power. It often measures the distance between success and failure."—Orison Sweet Marden.

American National Bank
210 N. Front St., Wilmington, N. C.**The Independent Ice Co.**
Manufactures Absolutely
PURE ICE

This fact can be clearly established in several ways, aside from "the proof of the pudding is chewing of the string." To begin with we use water from deep wells, cold and pure, made into steam, then condensed to distilled water. It is then boiled and re-boiled to eliminate the last vestige of impurities, should there be any. This water is then filtered twice through willow charcoal and is then as pure as water can be made. We then freeze this water in new galvanized iron cans in brine at a temperature of 10 degrees above zero, making it as hard as ice can be made. There is no known process of making ice any purer than ours and we can substantiate any claim that we make. Demonstrations have proven that ice made as ours is made will melt slower than ice made by any other process, therefore, it follows, if people want pure ice, if they want ice that has genuine lasting qualities, if they want prompt and satisfactory service, they need not go beyond

THE INDEPENDENT ICE CO.

109 Market Street.

MONEY GROWS

Plant the difference between what you earn and what you spend in this bank and watch it grow. Soon you will have an income from your surplus funds—the interest allowed on your balance works for you here.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

Southern Building—Opposite Postoffice.

The man who wants his Spring footwear to be not alone of the latest style, but of many style will find our

Spring Oxfords

Just the kind he wants. The leathers, workmanship and style of the footwear sold here are of the same standard of excellence as that which you will find in the exclusive, high-class Metropolitan shops. Look our Oxfords over.

HEWLETT & PRICE

109 Market Street.

"Ask Those Who Use It"

THE PLATE ICE COMPANY invites the attention of the ice consuming public to the analysis of its product by one of the foremost chemists of America.

JOHN C. SPARKS, B. Sc. F. C. S. CONSULTING AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST, 16 BEAVER STREET, New York, Jan. 18, 1911.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS:

SAMPLE OF ... Ice, MARKED ... No Mark. RECEIVED FROM ... The Plate Ice Company, Wilmington, N. C.

Grains Per Gallon.

Total Solids ... 0.49

Mineral Matter ... 0.16

Organic and Volatile Matter ... 0.23

Free Ammonia ... 0.0013

Albuminoid Ammonia ... 0.0001

Nitrogen as Nitrates ... none

Nitrogen as

VOL. LXXXVIII—NO. 20.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1911.

WHOLE NUMBER 13,581.

ARE PARTNERS OF THE PEOPLE

Advanced Ideas Set Forth in Annual Report of Bell Telephone System, Second in Size Among The Industries.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Boston, April 13.—Theodore N. Vail, president of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, believes that the time is coming when, through the combined use of telephone and telephone facilities, the wire system in the United States will afford electrical communication of every kind of intelligence from everyone at every place to everyone at every other place.

He believes that there can be created a wire system as universal and extensive as the highway system of the country which extends from every man's door to every other man's door. More than that, it is feasible to greatly increase communication by wire between the Old and New Worlds. In Mr. Vail's annual report is an announcement that negotiations are now in progress looking to the creation of new classes of service on the trans-Atlantic cables. In other words, it is proposed that he sending of a message by cable shall be made so common an occurrence that the average citizen will no longer look upon it as a great event. From the time when cables were first extended over the ocean floor, the use of these avenues of electrical communication between the continents has been devoted almost exclusively to matters of urgent personal and business importance. Mr. Vail believes that the cables may be made of vastly greater usefulness and his success in giving the American people increased perception of the possibilities of the telegraph adds weight to what he says.

If, however, the telephone and the telegraph, in common with other great public utilities are to be brought to their highest efficiency, Mr. Vail believes that they must be developed under a system of State control and regulation rather than of public ownership. He takes the position that the public should be considered as virtual partners in all matters pertaining to the common welfare. Care-

ful Gibbons, speaking of Mr. Vail's declaration, recently said: "This utterance from a man representing 70,000 stockholders is indicative of the progressive spirit of the times. It shows a broad appreciation of the rights of the people."

Its picture of the growth of electrical communication and its frank discussion of the question of State regulation as opposed to public ownership are giving to Mr. Vail's report, which is now being distributed in pamphlet form, a popular interest seldom attained by such documents. The report makes easy reading. It tells its story in terse and vigorous English and says things in a way to make them stick in the memory. Discussion of the relations of public utility corporations with the public is introduced by such expressions as these:

"The contest between the 'served' and the 'server,' the 'producer' and the 'consumer,' between 'he-who-has' and 'he-who-has-not,' has been going on from the dawn of civilization. There has always been and always will be the landable desire of the great public to be served rightly, and as cheaply as possible, which sometimes selfishly degenerates into a lack of consideration for the rights of those who are serving."

"On the other hand there has always been the laudable desire of the 'server' or the producer to get a profit for his service or production which sometimes degenerates into a selfish disregard or lack of consideration for those who are served."

Public control or regulation of public service corporations has come and come to stay, declares the report, which then goes on to outline the principles which, in the judgment of Mr. Vail, and his fellow directors, should underlie a system of regulation designed to safeguard the public while dealing fairly with corporate interests.

State control as advocated by Mr. Vail would be applied by a permanent public service commission, a quasi-judicial body which, in time, would establish a course of practice and precedent for the guidance of all concerned; but the opinion is expressed that the management and operation of public utilities should be left in the hands of men trained in the service of the corporations and possessed of that intimate knowledge and experience which can only be gained by continuous and practical participation in actual working. Such knowledge is required for successful operation while control or regulation can be intelligently exercised, after judicial hearing, by those who have not the knowledge or the experience to operate.

Proceeding to a further explanation of his ideas, Mr. Vail says that regulation should insure the highest possible standard in plant, the utmost extension of facilities, the highest efficiency in service and rigid economy in operation. Rates should be allowed that would warrant the highest wages for the best service, some reward for high efficiency in administration and such a return on the investment as would induce investors not only to retain their securities but to supply the additional capital needed to meet the demands of the public. Such control and regulation should stop all abuses of capitalization, of extortion or of overcharges, of unreasonable division of profits.

This kind of regulation, as Mr. Vail views the problem, involves also the control and regulation of competition. He says that a public utility giving good service at fair rates should not be subjected to competition at unfair rates. It is not that all competition should be suppressed but that competition should be regulated and controlled. A corporation serving an entire community must serve some parts at a loss. Under such circumstances, he maintains that it is unfair to permit a rival company to establish competition in those places where the business is profitable, ignoring those where it must be done at a loss. State control and regulation, to be effective at all, says the report, should be of such a character that he results from the operation of one public utility would not warrant the expenditure or investment necessary for mere duplication and straight competition. In other words, the profits should not be so large as to warrant duplication of capitalization in the competition for the same business. In summing up his case against unregulated competition, Mr. Vail says in part:

"Effective, aggressive competition, and regulation and control are inconsistent with each other and cannot be had at the same time. 'Control or regulation, to be effective, means publicity; it means semi-public discussion and consideration before action; it means deliberation, non-discrimination; it means everything which is the opposite of and inconsistent with effective competition. 'Competition—aggressive, effective competition—means strife, industrial warfare; it means contention; it oftentimes means taking advantage of or resorting to any means that the conscience of the contestants or the degree of the enforcement of the laws will permit. To make competition effective great and uncontrolled latitude of action is necessary; action must be prompt and secret. 'Competition which is not aggressive pre-supposes co-operative action, understandings, agreements, which result in general uniformity or harmony of action, which, in fact, is no competition but is combination, unstable for the time effective.'"

Contrasting the advantage of state control with what he regards as the disadvantages of public ownership, Mr. Vail regards it as conceded that, as a rule, private management is better, more economical and more efficient than public management and much more advanced and enterprising while the economical margin between public and private management has been shown by experience to be more than sufficient to secure the best private administration.

As to state control, he says that it should be far-seeing enough to encourage the introduction of new and novel enterprises, and that it should discriminate between the useful adventures or promoters, pioneers in fact, and those pirates or sharks who, on the strength of other successes, extravagantly capitalize undeveloped ideas and exchange the worthless securities for the savings of deluded and credulous investors.

Mr. Vail thinks that state control or regulation, to be effective, should, when exercised, be accepted and acquiesced in by the public. If decisions not in accord with the contention and desires of the public are to be condemned and if politics and political effect are to govern decisions, state control and regulation will become a disgrace and the evils which it was intended to correct will multiply.

The argument in favor of state control and regulation is set forth at considerable length in the report, not as applied to the telephone and telegraph industry in particular but as it affects public service corporations in general. The American Telephone and Telegraph Company is the central organization in the Bell System, second in size among the organized industries of the world, and what President Vail says may be taken as representative of the views of the management of all the Bell companies. That fact makes the much discussed statements in the report of

local interest in all parts of the United States.

HARMON, PROGRESSIVE.

Some Things He Told His State Senate Past Week.

Columbus, O., April 13.—Governor Harmon has again donned a war armor and is making a fight in the interest of the people of Ohio. He was met with a rallying shout from the electors and a great army of Buckeyes is behind the executive in his crusade for the enactment of progressive measures. Governor Harmon was aroused over the enactment of one of his reform bills by a coalition of three reactionary Democrats with the Republican minority in the Senate. He opened with a statement exhorting Democrats who aided Republicans, and the next day sent a message to the Senate urging the adoption of several measures. This document, which follows, shows that Governor Harmon is abreast of the times:

"A deep sense of public obligation leads me to urge the passage of several measures, in addition to those heretofore recommended, which I fear are becoming imperilled with the close of the session so near. These are:

"1. The election of delegates to the Constitutional Convention by non-partisan ballot. If we are to have a proper instrument which will meet the approval of the people, every precaution should be taken to have the men who are to frame it chosen on their individual merits as patriotic citizens well qualified for the task. And I am convinced that, as a further assurance of this, the nominations should be by petition only, which an amendment to the pending bill could easily provide. The constitutional objections which have been raised to the course proposed are not sound. All the requirements of the constitution will be met by electing the delegates by ballot, and in the same districts as members of the House of Representatives. The time of election and form of ballot may be fixed by the General Assembly.

"2. The abolition of the party emblem in purely municipal elections. There is the direst need of improvement in the government of our cities, and the great parties by whose means the State and general government are conducted have no proper place in these municipalities. The party emblem in such elections is an aid to the ignorant and those who corrupt voters, and no help to upright and intelligent electors. And both parties would

be better off in their proper function if they were kept out of purely municipal affairs, in which as a matter of fact it is only their names that are used. The general ideas and policies which distinguish them from each other do not apply at all to the subjects with which municipalities deal.

"3. For reasons already stated city councils ought to be composed of a less number of members, a large part of whom should be elected at large. The smaller the district from which members are chosen the greater the risk of improper or unwise selection, the narrower their views and the greater the likelihood that the common interests of the entire city will not receive due attention.

"4. The nomination by State-wide primary elections of all who are in any way to act for or represent the State officially or politically, and the determination by such elections of the choices of the State for Senators of the United States. Until provision shall be made by amendment to the National Constitution, this result can be secured by the method provided in the bill now pending. Such amendment is still uncertain and years may be required for its adoption by the States, even if it be proposed at this session of Congress. These measures are in line with the best thought of the country, which is devoting itself with increasing earnestness to the betterment of conditions in order that government by the people shall bear its full fruitage of benefits, and thereby insure its perpetuity. I am certain the people of the State generally, without regard to party or other divisions, earnestly desire the passage of these measures and will not be content to wait two years for them."

"JUDSON HARMON, Governor."

London, April 10.—Before the National Sporting Club tonight Eddie McGearty of Oshkosh, Wis., won a 15-round middleweight contest from Pat O'Keefe, welter weight champion of Ireland, on points.

The Sound Sleep of Good Health. Can not be over estimated and any ailment that prevents it is a menace to health. J. L. Southers, Eau Claire, Wis., says: "I have been unable to sleep soundly nights, because of pains across my back and soreness of my kidneys, and my general condition was much run down. I have been taking Foley's Kidney Pills but a short time and now sleep as sound as a rock. I know that Foley Kidney Pills have cured me." Robt. R. Bellamy.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

National Congress to Meet in Chicago in December—Thousands of Acres of Swamp Lands May be Reclaimed.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chicago, Ill., April 13.—That irrigation and the National Irrigation Congress have captured Chicago business and professional men was evidenced at the initial monthly Chicago board of control and Chicago Irrigation Association luncheon, given at the Hotel La Salle, when one of the speakers for the occasion, Dr. William A. Evans, Chicago's health commissioner, suggested in his enthusiasm, that the congress be made international in name as well as in scope. The luncheon foretold in itself the sources that is to mark the work of the congress this year, the guests appearing in such numbers that the East room was crowded to capacity, although the board of control organization had been made complete scarcely a week prior to the gathering of its members and the other guests. The dinner included fifty Chicagoans of prominence, seven consular representatives in Chicago and railway heads from many of the lines terminating here. The luncheon was to be given the last Thursday of each month throughout the remainder of the year.

Addresses were made by Edmund T. Perkins, managing director of the board of control; Arthur Hooker, secretary of the congress; Dr. Evans and C. J. Blanchard, statistician of the United States Reclamation Service, Washington, D. C. Dr. Evans, who frequently has been mentioned as a possible choice for an additional member of President Taft's cabinet as the head of a new national department—that a national department of health—is the chairman of the committee on foreign representation for the board of control, and he made it plain in his talk that his connection with the congress is to be active in the broadest sense of the word.

Mr. Blanchard made the rather startling statement that the Reclamation Service would, before the efforts of Uncle Sam to create homes for (Continued on Page Ten).

Make this a

CRADDOCK EASTER



Never before in the history of this store have we sold so many Craddock shoes, as at this Easter time. Never before has the Craddock Shoe been the choice of so many men in all walks of life. Never before have we seen such an ideal combination of style, good leather, good workmanship, durability, comfort and price.

The "Craddock" Oxford for men, and the "College Women's" Oxfords, Pumps and Sailor Ties for ladies.

All Leathers—All Styles

NO MORE \$3.50 NO LESS

Here is style for every taste—the swagger—the extreme—the conservative—the common sense. All of these are represented in all the good leathers. Here is every choice. Patent leather, dull gun metal calf, wax calf, russia, copper tan, willow calf, in broad toes, narrow toes, button, silk ties, straight lasts, swing lasts, flat toes, knob toes, an inexhaustible profusion of fine foot wear.

We believe in Woman's Rights. We believe that the ladies have as much right to buy the best shoe on earth for \$3.50 as the men have. Therefore we are offering the "College Woman's Walking Shoe" to the ladies of this city at \$3.50 per pair, although it is equal to any \$5.00 shoe sold elsewhere. We are showing the largest variety of Oxfords, Pumps, and one, two and three strap Sandals ever shown in this city. All leathers and all styles. We have shoes at other prices but this will be a \$3.50 week at our store.

The
Wilmington
Shoe Company
217 N. Front St.
Formerly 521 N. Fourth St.



Financial and Commercial

RECOVERY IN COTTON MARKET

Renewal of Old Crop Covering Movement Sent Prices Into New High Ground—Advance of 9 to 21 Points.

New York, April 13.—There was a renewal of the old crop covering movement in the cotton market today as a result of which yesterday's setback was more than recovered with active months selling into new high ground and with the close steady at a net advance of 9 to 21 points.

The opening was firm at an advance of 6 to 14 points in response to better cables than expected, big Liverpool spot sales, prospects for bullish week-end figures and the outlook for continued unsettled weather in the South over the holidays. A moderate reaction occurred during middle of the day under realizing but no weakness developed and the highest prices were made in the late trading on renewed covering and support from spot people. The close was a shade off from the best as a result of profit taking for over the holidays. The disappearance of the May premium that position closing on even terms with July, was responsible for rumors that the remaining short interest in May was either determined to await the result of notices or was protected by cotton available for delivery, but there was some demand for May from leading interests, although bull support seemed to be going chiefly into July. Liverpool was a considerable buyer here early and private cables attributed the relative firmness there to a good trade demand. The small estimate for tomorrow's receipts at New Orleans probably helped the early advance and in the late trading there were some bullish private reports from Southern spot markets, while it also seemed that more attention was being paid to talk of delayed crop planting as a result of continued rains in the South.

Receipts at the ports today 9,551 bales against 4,981 last week and 13,589 last year; for the week 40,000 bales against 38,824 last week and 85,896 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 3,676 bales against 1,771 last year.

Spot closed quiet, 20 points higher; middling uplands 14.85; middling low 15.10; sales 1,100 bales. Futures opened firm and closed steady.

Month: Open High Low Close
April 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
May 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
June 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
July 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
August 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
September 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
October 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
November 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
December 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
January 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
February 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20
March 14.20 14.20 14.20 14.20

THE PORT MOVEMENT.
Galveston—April 13: net receipts, 3,910; gross receipts, 1,910; sales, 250; stock, 70,497; coastwise.
New Orleans—Steady, 14 1/2; net receipts, 3,676; gross receipts, 3,676; sales, 1,908; stock, 100,376.
Mobile—Firm, 14 1/2; net receipts, 104; gross receipts, 104; sales, 100; stock, 6,361.
Savannah—Steady, 14 1/2; net receipts, 160; gross receipts, 1,600; sales, 2,175; stock, 47,812; continent, 200; coastwise, 178.
Charleston—Nominal; net receipts, 11; gross receipts, 11; stock, 18,647.
Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 61; gross receipts, 61; stock, 4,888.
Norfolk—Steady, 14 1/2; net receipts, 173; gross receipts, 173; sales, 50; stock, 14,807; coastwise, 57.
Baltimore—Nominal, 14 1/2; stock, 4,117.
New York—Quiet, 14 1/2; net receipts, 45; gross receipts, 45; sales, 1,100; stock, 185,241; Great Britain, 1,050; continent, 4,112; coastwise, 1,337.
Boston—Quiet, 14 1/2; net receipts, 90; gross receipts, 90; sales, 18,402.
Philadelphia—Quiet, 15 1/2; stock, 3,188.
Pensacola—Net receipts, 1,500; gross receipts, 1,500; Great Britain, 1,500.
San Francisco—Net receipts, 650; gross receipts, 650; Japan, 650.
Total today 70,497; net receipts, 9,551; gross receipts, 9,551; sales, 1,100; stock, 70,497.
Consolidated—Net receipts, 34,015; Great Britain, 14,195; France, 1,134; continent, 47,136; Japan, 986.
Total since 1910, all ports—Net, 7,968,702; Great Britain, 3,063,262; France, 809,502; continent, 2,644,217; Japan, 142,340; Mexico, 1,825.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.
Houston—Steady, 14 1/2; net receipts, 285; gross receipts, 285; shipments, 2,146; sales, 801; stock, 60,291.
Augusta—Steady, 14 1/2; net receipts, 300; gross receipts, 300; shipments, 361; sales, 631; stock, 40,700.
Memphis—Steady, 15; net receipts, 129; gross receipts, 129; shipments, 2,122; sales, 7,000; stock, 127,242.
St. Louis—Quiet, 14 1/2; net receipts, 45; gross receipts, 45; shipments, 323; stock, 20,655.
Cincinnati—Net receipts, 373; gross receipts, 373; shipments, 671; stock, 20,670.
Little Rock—Quiet, 14 1/2; net receipts, 218; stock, 27,721.
Louisville—Firm, 14 1/2.
Total today—Net receipts, 1,902; gross receipts, 1,902; shipments, 5,651; sales, 8,335; stock, 292,700.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.
Spot Good Business, Prices Seven Points Higher.
Liverpool, April 13.—Spot cotton good business done, prices seven points higher. American middling fair 8.48; good middling 8.16; middling 7.96; low middling 7.76; good ordinary 7.50; ordinary 7.25.
The sales of the day were 18,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 14,000 for American. Receipts 2,000 bales, including 500 American.
Futures opened steady and closed steady. April 7.79; April and May 7.69; May and June 7.69; June and July 7.65; July and August 7.60 1/2; August and September 7.58; September and October 7.55; October and November 7.53; November and December 7.52; December and January 7.50; February and March 7.48 1/2; March and April 7.48 1/2.

COTTON SEED OIL.
New York, April 13.—Cotton seed oil was active and higher on firmness of crude and hog products, scattered professional buying and covering over the holidays. Closing prices 1 to 1 1/2 higher. There will be no session of this market tomorrow nor Saturday, April 15 to 16; May 6.11 to 6.12; June 6.16 to 6.17; July 6.21 to 6.22; August 6.24 to 6.25; prime crude 5.07 to 5.14; prime summer yellow 6.10 to 6.14; prime winter yellow 6.20 to 6.25; prime summer white 6.20 to 6.25.

MARINE

Arrived.
Str. C. W. Lyon, Edge, Elizabethtown, C. P. Love.
Str. Duplin, Singleterry, Smith's Bridge, W. S. Murray.
Cleared.
Str. C. W. Lyon, Edge, Elizabethtown, C. P. Love.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.
Secunda (Gen.), 1,300 tons, Petersen, Heide & Co.
Schooners.
Inez N. Carver, 650 tons, Wrightson, C. D. Maffitt.
The Josephine, 565 tons, Quillen, C. D. Maffitt.
Alice L. Pendleton, 567 tons, Coombs, C. D. Maffitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington Yesterday.
Wilmington, N. C., April 13.
Atlantic Coast Line—38 bales cotton; 2 casks spirits turpentine; 20 barrels rosin; 57 barrels tar; 17 barrels crude turpentine.
Str. Lyon—3 bales cotton; 70 barrels tar.
Schr. Bessie Moore—4 casks spirits turpentine; 20 barrels rosin.
Total—61 bales cotton; 6 casks spirits turpentine; 40 barrels rosin; 127 barrels tar; 17 barrels crude turpentine.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, April 13.—Flour was barely steady with a fair jobbing trade; spring patents 4.65 to 5.00; winter patents 3.95 to 4.15.
Rye Flour—Firm.
Barley—Easy.
Corn Meal and Buckwheat—Steady.
Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 94 elevator and 95 1/4 f.o.b. float. Futures closed 1 1/4 to 3/8 cent higher. May 94 1/4; July 93; September 92 5/8.
Corn—Spot steady. Futures closed unchanged; July 57 3/8.
Oats—Steady. Futures closed nominal.
Lard and Tallow—Steady.
Petroleum and Molasses—Steady.
Rice—Quiet.
Sugar—Raw firm; refined steady.
Coffee—Closed steady; last prices 10 to 16 points net lower. Spot—Quiet; Rio No. 7, 11 7/8; Santos No. 3, 4 12 7/8. Mild—Quiet; Cordova No. 3, 4 15 3/4 nominal.
Butter—Steady; creamery held special 20.
Cheese—Steady, unchanged.
Eggs—Easy; fresh, extras 17 3/4 to 18 1/4.
Peanuts and Freight—Unchanged.
Potatoes—Easy; Florida 3.50 to 5.50 for new.
Cabbages—Irregular; new, per crate 1.00 to 1.15; old 10.00 to 12.00.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, April 13.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, nothing doing.
ROBIN—Firm, 82.25.
CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market, firm; \$3.00 per barrel, or hard; \$7.50 for dip; Virgin, \$8.00.
Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady at 68 1/2; rosin, steady at 82 1/2; turpentine, fair, \$2.00; Spanish, \$1.50; \$4.00 and \$3.75.
Spirits Turpentine 60
Rosin 82 1/2
Crude Turpentine 37
Spirits Turpentine 127
Crude Turpentine 127
Receipts same day last year, (—) casks spirits turpentine, 116 barrels rosin; 70 barrels tar; 17 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.
Same day last year, nominal.
Receipts—61 bales; same day last year, 306 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, April 13.)
PEANUTS—Virginia, 90 to 1.00 per bu.; North Carolina, \$1.00 to \$1.00; Spanish, \$1.15 to \$1.25.
CORN—Firm, 68 to 70 per bu.
WHEAT—White, 82 to 84; white, 84 to 86; white, 86 to 88; white, 88 to 90; white, 90 to 92; white, 92 to 94; white, 94 to 96; white, 96 to 98; white, 98 to 100; white, 100 to 102; white, 102 to 104; white, 104 to 106; white, 106 to 108; white, 108 to 110; white, 110 to 112; white, 112 to 114; white, 114 to 116; white, 116 to 118; white, 118 to 120; white, 120 to 122; white, 122 to 124; white, 124 to 126; white, 126 to 128; white, 128 to 130; white, 130 to 132; white, 132 to 134; white, 134 to 136; white, 136 to 138; white, 138 to 140; white, 140 to 142; white, 142 to 144; white, 144 to 146; white, 146 to 148; white, 148 to 150; white, 150 to 152; white, 152 to 154; white, 154 to 156; white, 156 to 158; white, 158 to 160; white, 160 to 162; white, 162 to 164; white, 164 to 166; white, 166 to 168; white, 168 to 170; white, 170 to 172; white, 172 to 174; white, 174 to 176; white, 176 to 178; white, 178 to 180; white, 180 to 182; white, 182 to 184; white, 184 to 186; white, 186 to 188; white, 188 to 190; 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IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

(Continued from Page Seven.)

The people were at an end, see the reclamation of possibly five times the number of acres already reclaimed from the Western deserts by irrigation, with an additional \$8,000,000, acres of swamp lands in the South drained and their remarkable fertility put at the command of the husbandman.

"The Chicago meeting of this congress will be the crowning event in all the twenty years of the organization's existence," Dr. Evans said.

"The Chicago congress, I can plainly see now, will make a standard for future gatherings of the organization to look forward to as the congress of real accomplishment and to equal with no little pride. As the Chicago World's Fair gave Chicago world views and the world Chicago views, so it should be with this Irrigation Congress and so it no doubt will be. In fact, I make the suggestion now that some concerted movement be launched which will have the object of making the Irrigation Congress international.

We who are familiar with its history know it to be a fact that the work of this congress is watched closely by many foreign countries and we know that the good accomplished by the congress here has accomplished good proportionately in foreign countries, so I believe the organization should be a world movement both in name and accomplishment instead of in one of these only. After the great sessions here next December let us be able to say to the whole world that the Irrigation Congress is a world's congress and not an American institution solely, and that we invite the whole world, on behalf of the United States as a whole, to participate in it, to feel an actual part of it and to benefit by its wholesome accomplishments year by year. Now is the time and Chicago is the place to bring about this big step.

Mr. Blanchard asserted that government surveys had shown that there are 30,000,000 acres of lands available in the arid sections of the West for irrigation and that the Reclamation Service ultimately will have created in these deserts homes for 2,000,000 families. Arid deserts lands, reclaimed, are worth, he declared, possibly three times as much as the prized corn lands in the middle West for the reason that in the mountain valleys the fertility of the ages has lain dormant awaiting the activities of the scientist, who makes the desert drink, and then bloom.

"The cost of creating these projects will represent an expenditure by Uncle Sam far greater than the cost of the Panama Canal, yet the cost is not a dead expense, as it is with the canal, inasmuch as the money thus spent for irrigation works returns in time to the United States treasury. Throughout the entire world this method of the government of creating farm homes for the people is watched and studied.

"In addition to the work in the West, the Reclamation Service no doubt will be of proportionate help to the South in its swamp lands problems as the years pass and the scope of the service is broadened. The legality of such work on the part of the government has been established by precedent and it is no idle dream to assert at this time that the government will, in time, give much aid in the problem of draining our \$8,000,000 acres of swamp lands. This problem presents many difficulties which will have to be overcome, however, inasmuch as the government, when it was improvident with its resources, allowed the swamp lands to pass into the ownership of the different States, and in the work of reclamation many State issues will arise for solution. With a Democratic Congress in session, though, the South should, and likely will, request and be given the aid of the government in its development work."

This phase of the work no doubt will be much discussed at the December gathering of this congress and the decisive, concerted assistance of the Irrigation Congress no doubt will be given. Mr. Blanchard arrived in Chicago from a tour in the West. He was with Colonel Roosevelt at the dedication of the Roosevelt Dam at Salt River project in Arizona on March 18th.

At the luncheon the consul guests represented Denmark, the Netherlands, Austria-Hungary, Spain, and France, Germany and Japan. The consuls evinced much interest in the discussions and probably will be seen at all similar gatherings in the future.

NEW SMOKING TOBACCO IS CAUSING A STIR.

The Boys Are All Trying Stud and They Say it is a Winner for Cigarettes or Pipe.

Stud has come to town. That is the catchy name of a new five-cent smoking tobacco that is being generally introduced throughout this section, and is arousing great interest among the smokers. The striking advertisements appearing in this newspaper, showing a dashing white horse in many designs, are attracting universal attention.

The manufacturers of Stud Tobacco maintain that it is an absolutely pure tobacco without filling or dope of any kind. For this reason, when smoked in cigarettes it does not stain the fingers any more than cigars do. This feature appeals to smokers who do not care to have their fingers a nut brown color all the time. Its purity also gives Stud the real tobacco flavor that smokers like so well.

The tobacco is grown in the famous Piedmont country, where the soil and climate combine to give it a flavor and richness peculiarly its own.

The manufacturers of Stud are the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, of Winston-Salem, N. C., an independent concern that has long had the reputation of putting out honest, high-grade tobaccos.

Judging by opinions expressed by smokers in this city, Stud Tobacco will more than uphold this reputation.

"Red's Request." Great drama by Selig Stock Company. Grand Theatre today.

ZEB'S PHILOSOPHY.

By "Pinkie."

Old Zeb, turned a nail keg upside down and sat upon it, while a group of darkies stood anxiously around and waited for him to begin talking, for it could be seen by the most casual observer that Zeb had something on his mind. He shoved the tobacco in his pipe with his thumb and spat liberally in the sand at his feet.

"Who's dis here Boney?" he asked, and, as he received no answer, continued, "He sho' talk a lot of trifle. Dis town am in a turble fix."

"What's the matter?" inquired one of his audience, "don't de white folks still run it?"

"Tain't dat what's troublin' me," said Zeb, blowing a huge cloud of smoke from his mouth, "It's dis beach fare question, and Boney say he done pass, which shows he don't know notin' 'bout de game. He oughter finesse like de trolley. Dey don't pass nothin'."

"Now, you blame' fool, I didn't say finance, I said finesse, and dat means dat you play one card to make folks think you's got another—what you ain't got."

"What's the difference between finance and finesse?" queried Zeb, sharply, to his questioner.

"Tell me how big a hole is. Dere ain't no difference. Dey's bot alike, 'cep' one's bigger'n de other, and de Chamber of Commerce say de hole's all-right. It's a fine hole and I've got to ketch cat fish off de wharf instead of sheephead from de trestle."

Old Zeb shook his head sadly and sighed, "I is sho' tired o' cat fish, but dis Commerce is so busy marchin' up de hill to go down on de other side dat dey ain't got no time to mess with me and Boney."

"But we got free pilots, ain't we?" asked the freckled faced darkey.

Zeb looked at him disgustedly. "You sho is a fool nigger. We ain't got nothin' but some cobbles stones on Front street and a pump, and we done had dem stones forty years. Dey sho is good ones, and we is goin' to keep 'em; likewise dose noble trees in front of de Cape Fear Club. Dey is good trees."

"How 'bout dat fair ground on de Castle Hayne road? Ain't we got dat?" asked the freckle faced darkey.

"Oh, yes," answered Zeb, sarcastically, "it's right dere now, when it's been all de time, but nobody ain't made no use of it."

"Factories!" exclaimed Zeb, for some one had spoken the word, "We don't want no factories. Dere's too much work here, now. Dem factory folks might not like dem cobbles stones, and dem sewers. But dey would never know 'bout de sewers, 'cause dey couldn't find 'em. De injinurs done come down here and look and look and say dey can't find no sewer, and dere ain't none here, so I guess de factory folks won't fine none, either."

"Well, anyway, we are goin' to have a thirty-foot channel," said the freckle faced darkey, who insisted on talking. "Shet up, you fool," cried Zeb, testily. "Don't you know dat cat fish bite just as good in a twenty-five foot channel as a thirty-foot one?"

Thoroughly disgusted, old Zeb left his keg and went into the store, where he told the clerk to wrap him up a chipped herring.

Never Out of Work.

The business little things ever made are Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar coated globe of health, that changes weakness into strength, languor into energy, brain-fag into mental power; curing constipation, headache, chills, dyspepsia, malaria. Only 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

The Fountain Head of Life Is The Stomach

A man who has a weak and impaired stomach and who does not properly digest his food will soon find that his blood has become weak and impoverished, and that his whole body is improperly and insufficiently nourished.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgement.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medical roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients are printed on its wrapper. It has no relationship with secret nostrums. Its every ingredient is endorsed by the leaders in all the schools of medicine. Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy of known composition. Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

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Tire Repairing. "Free Air" for the Motorists.

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French Millinery Parlors

During this week will display many New and Exclusive Designs for Easter.

Also a Full Line of Untrimmed Hats.

Pattern Hats and Original Designs

FOR EARLY SPRING AND SUMMER.

THE NEW HONDURAS CABINET.

Names of the Ministers and the Portfolios They Accept.

New Orleans, April 12.—Mail advices received yesterday from Tegucigalpa, the capital of Honduras, brought the names of the new members of the Honduran cabinet and the positions they will occupy until the new president is elected next Fall.

The names and offices follow: Minister of justice, Albert Membruno; minister of war, Rafael Lopez Gutierrez; minister of interior, Maximo Rosales; minister of public instruction, Jose Maria Ochoa Velasquez; minister of foreign affairs, Faust Davilla; minister of finance, Santos Soto. The names of the new ministers were announced some time ago, but the positions they would fill were not definitely given.

Claiming that he is the heir of Robert Morris, founder of the national bank system in the United States, signer of the Declaration of Independence, and lender to the United States of \$1,500,000 during the dark days following the war with England, Capt. T. J. Morris, of Long Beach, Cal., is about to institute proceedings in the State Department at Washington to recover the loan of his ancestor, with interest, the total amounting to \$16,000,000.

Natchitoches, La., April 11.—The Standard Oil Co., it is reported, has closed a deal for more than 2,900 acres upon which genuine operations for oil will begin within ninety days. The company had already got deeds to other property in this section.

PRIMARY ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a primary election in the City of Wilmington on Tuesday, April 18th, 1911, for the nomination of candidates for the office of councilmen, as provided for in an act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, Session of 1911, entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington."

The First Ward has been divided into two election precincts, as follows: Precinct No. 1, That part of the First Ward lying south of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad; Precinct No. 2, That part of the First Ward lying north of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.

The Fifth Ward has been divided into two precincts, as follows: Precinct No. 1, That part of Fifth Ward lying east of Fifth street; Precinct No. 2, That part of Fifth Ward lying west of Fifth street.

The polling places and election officers for the said election shall be as follows:

First Ward.
Precinct No. 1—Engine House, Fourth and Campbell streets. Wm. Sheehan, Registrar; P. J. Egan and Geo. M. Grant, Judges of Election.

Precinct No. 2—J. W. Kerr's store, Fourth and Hamlet streets. W. J. Kerr, Registrar; R. L. Clements and L. A. Watkins, Judges of Election.

Second Ward.
Woolin Building, Princess street.—W. W. Hodges, Registrar; W. J. Meredith and Henry Gieschen, Judges of Election.

Third Ward.
Gibben Lodge, Eighth and Princess streets.—Geo. W. Irving, Registrar; J. O. Powers and B. W. Morrill, Judges of Election.

Fourth Ward.
W. P. Oldham's Store, Dock street, between Front and Second streets.—Roger Kingsbury, Registrar; S. Siegler and T. G. Pickett, Judges of Election.

Fifth Ward.
Precinct No. 1—Engine House, Sixth and Castle streets.—Geo. W. Irving, Registrar; Jas. Weinberg and W. M. Cressy, Judges of Election.

Precinct No. 2—Market House, Fifth and Castle streets.—George Parker, Registrar; Fred Westerman and R. A. Burnett, Judges of Election.

Registration books open Saturday, March 18th, 1911, and remain open for twenty days.

A new registration is ordered for said primary election, and no person shall be qualified to vote therein except such as register under the said new registration.

CHAIRMAN BOARD OF ELECTIONS, JOHN S. McEACHERN, Secretary.

CITY ELECTION.
Notice is hereby given that there will be a general election in the City of Wilmington, Monday, May 1st, 1911, for the election of five Councilmen, as provided for in an act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, Session of 1911, entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington." The polling places and the election officers for the said election shall be as follows:

First Ward.
Precinct No. 1—Engine House, Fourth and Campbell streets. Wm. Sheehan, Registrar; P. J. Egan and Geo. M. Grant, Judges of Election.

Precinct No. 2—J. W. Kerr's Store, Fourth and Hamlet streets. W. J. Kerr, Registrar; R. L. Clements and L. A. Watkins, Judges of Election.

Second Ward.
Woolin Building, Princess street.—W. W. Hodges, Registrar; W. J. Meredith and Henry Gieschen, Judges of Election.

Third Ward.
Gibben Lodge, Eighth and Princess streets.—Geo. W. Irving, Registrar; J. O. Powers and B. W. Morrill, Judges of Election.

Fourth Ward.
W. P. Oldham's Store, Dock street between Front and Second streets.—Roger Kingsbury, Registrar; S. Siegler and T. G. Pickett, Judges of Election.

Fifth Ward.
Precinct No. 1—Engine House, Sixth and Castle streets.—Geo. W. Irving, Registrar; Jas. Weinberg and W. M. Cressy, Judges of Election.

Precinct No. 2—Market House, Fifth and Castle streets.—George Parker, Registrar; Fred Westerman and R. A. Burnett, Judges of Election.

Registration books will open Saturday, April 15th, 1911, and remain open for eight days.

J. S. McEACHERN, Chairman Board of Election.

T. D. Meares, Jr., Secretary.

ap1-20t

GOLDSBORO BRICK WORKS

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of certain lines in which we have a larger quantity than we care to carry this season, we will sell at a sacrifice for cash, for the next few days.

High grade Iron Beds, Brass Beds, solid Mahogany Dressers, Washstands, Chiffoniers, B. E. Maple Dressers and Chiffoniers, Ladies' Desks, Buffets, Trunks (more than 100 to select from), pictures, Rugs (all sizes Brussels, elvet and Axminster), genuine Mahogany Rockers, Reed Rockers and Chairs, Imported China Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets. The largest and prettiest collection of Quartered Oak Dressers and Chiffoniers ever seen in Wilmington.

A few Coal Heating Stoves at Cost.

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